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VOL. XXXVII NO. 291 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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REPUBLIC OF INDIA
INAUGURATION POSTAGE STAMPS
26th JANUARY 1950

Special stamps will be released on January 26, 1950, in commemoration of the inauguration of the Republic of India. In appropriate design and colours, the drawings purport to reflect the jubilation of the masses on the occasion, their chief pursuits—agriculture and cottage industry—and the determination of the Indian peoples to raise the standard of education.

EVIL STALKS INDIA, FIGHT IT

PM's Order Of The Day To The Services

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7 (P T I).

THE Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in a nation-wide broadcast tonight called upon the men and women of the services to set an example to others, not only of efficient service but also of high integrity and a complete freedom from communal, provincial or other bias.

"There are many disruptive and anti-social forces in this country," said Pandit Nehru. "Evil stalks the land in the shape of narrow communalism and opportunism, and blackmarkets and the like have to some extent poisoned our trade and business. We have to fight evil, wherever we find it, and not succumb to it or be passive and inert spectators of it."

The great work that the Father of the Nation, Mahatma Gandhi, started, said Pandit Nehru, "is only half finished and we have to go ahead without much rest or respite to complete it. In that historic mission we are all comrades and, as soldiers of India, we shall march together and complete the task."

Other points made by Pandit Nehru were: After three years of experience, he had found the services as a whole loyal servants of the country and he had appreciated the way in which they had adapted themselves to the new conditions

So much remained undone, but Government's achievements since independence were not inconsiderable.

HIGH AND LOW

The people of India lived in a society which had inherited great differences between high and low and rich and poor. This could not be changed suddenly, but everyone must work towards the lessening of these differences.

The nation was today passing through a period of economic difficulty and everyone, whatever his station or degree, should share the burden of the day according to his capacity. Pandit Nehru was glad that in many cases members of the services had offered to share this burden.

Others had seen cuts in their salaries and compulsory savings schemes had been introduced. This had hit many of them rather hard, more especially the younger officers, but they must remember that the burden was by far the heaviest on vast numbers of men in the lowest ranks of the services as well as among the public generally. It did not much matter if today brought a little hardship, provided tomorrow was going to be better for the people.

KNOWING EACH OTHER

The Prime Minister said "I am glad of this opportunity to address you. During the last three years, I have met many of you, both in the civil and defence services of this country. I have addressed you, discussed many matters with you: and worked in close collaboration with some of you. If I could have had my way, I would have liked to meet many more of you, so that we might know each other better; now we are workers in a common cause and, on the degree of our mutual understanding, much depends....

"Those of you, who are in the defence services have had to face trials and tribulations and have been put to a hard test out of which you have come out successful. You have gained thereby the praise of your countrymen; you have gained something even more and that is self-confidence and faith in yourselves and your cause. But it is not only the men of the defence services, but all of us, in whatever capacity we have laboured have faced trial and difficulty during this early period of our freedom and our capacity and faith have been put to the test.

"Just at the moment when all our services as well as much else in the country had been split up and were in a state of disorganisation disaster descended upon us all bringing not only death and suffering to innumerable human beings but also a travail of the spirit to all of us While facing that and overcoming it, we set about building and constructing the structure that had been partly shattered. Let us not praise ourselves for what

(Continued on page 5, column 4)

The True Joy In Life

THE Prime Minister said, in the course of his broadcast on Wednesday night: Many years ago I read in the writing of George Bernard Shaw something that moved me and found an answering echo in my mind and heart.

He wrote: "This is the true joy in life, the being used for a purpose recognised by yourself as a mighty one; the being thoroughly worn out before you are thrown on the scrap heap; the being a force of nature, instead of a feverish, selfish, little clod of elements and grievances, complaining that the world will not devote itself to making you happy".

Not many of us can rise to these heights, but it sometimes happens that a whole nation, under some great leader or a mighty urge, raises itself, moulds events, and makes the history of its choice. It happened when Mahatma Gandhi burst upon the consciousness of India and moved her people to great deeds by the magic of his personality and his message.....

BOMBAY CUTS SALARY OF THE HIGHLY PAID

Compulsory Savings For Many

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE Government of Bombay has imposed an emergency cut in the pay of its officers drawing Rs. 3,000 or more a month and introduced a scheme of compulsory savings for those in receipt of lower pay, with effect from December 1, 1949 and lasting up to February 29, 1952.

An officer whose pay is Rs. 3,000 or above will be subjected to a cut of Rs. 250 per month plus one-fourth of the excess of pay over Rs. 3,000. The pay of an officer, which exceeds Rs. 2,750 a month but does not exceed Rs. 3,000 will be reduced to Rs. 2,750.

The cut will also apply to officers on leave, on deputation, or on foreign service.

According to the compulsory savings, scheme, every Government servant whose pay exceeds Rs. 250 will have to subscribe to the Contributory Provident Fund or to the General Provident Fund at the following rates:

From Rs. 251 to Rs. 500 1¼ annas in the rupee); from Rs. 501 to Rs. 1,000 (two annas in the rupee); from Rs. 1,001 to Rs. 2,000 (2¼ annas in the rupee); from Rs. 2,001 to Rs. 3,000 (three annas in the rupee) and Rs. 3,00- and above (three and half annas in the rupee).

These minimum rates of subscription to a Provident Fund are inclusive of any sums a Government servant may already be subscribing.

The officers whose pay is Rs. 3,000 and above will not be required compulsorily to subscribe to a Provident Fund at the above rates, but this will not affect their obligation to do so under the existing rules of the fund.

Th ecut in salary applies to permanent as well as temporary servants and the scheme of compulsory savings to those in permanent service and also to those in temporary service who have completed one year's service.

Any Government servant, to whom these orders apply, and who is not eligible to subscribe to any Government Provident Fund under the existing rules, will subscribe to the General Provident Fund.

When a Government servant subscribes to the Contributory Provident Fund, the amount of Government contribution will not be increased beyond what is admissible under the existing rules.

Nurses Hit Principal

CALCUTTA POLICE ARREST ONE.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (P.T.I.). The police today arrested a nurse of the Calcutta Medical College following a demonstration in front of the Principal's room

It is stated that about a dozen nurses, who had been on strike since Nov 25, demanding eight-hour-work-a-day, were served with a notice to vacate their quarters within 48 hours

To protest against this they went to the Principal's room today and following exchange of hot words, attacked him and broke his telephone.

Some students and college staff having intervened, the demonstrators then left the place. The police soon arrived and arrested one nurse in this connection.

CROWD OBSTRUCTS POLICE

Three Men Arrested

GAUHATI, Dec. 7 (P.T.I): Three persons were arrested by the Gauhati police yesterday when a crowd of about 400 armed with lathis, etc., obstructed a police party from proceeding to a village in Beltola Manja to realise punitive tax The police also seized some lathis and flags from the crowd.

It is understood that about Rs. 5,000 has been realised from the villagers in this area so far as punitive tax Agrarian trouble is reported from here

GURKHAS FIRE AT POLICE PARTY

Arrested Man Escapes

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (PTI).—Snatching away rifles from some constables and firing four rounds at them, a group of persons last night helped a Gurkha escape from police custody.

It is stated that the police party, consisting of two armed and two unarmed constables, was proceeding towards the Tollygunge Thana with the Gurkha, whom they had arrested on a charge of loitering in a suspicious manner in front of a refugee camp.

As the party reached Tollygunge Tram Depot, about two dozen Gurkhas in military uniform attacked the police, snatched away their rifles and fired four rounds at them, resulting in one of the constables being seriously injured. In the melee that followed the arrested Gurkha ran away and has not yet been traced.

UNCIP REPORT ON KASHMIR

BOMBAY, Wednesday

It is expected that the report of the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan will be taken up for consideration by the Security Council towards the end of the third week of this month.

India's case will be presented to the Council by Mr. B. N. Rau, Permanent Representative with the U.N. in New York, who will be assisted by a delegation from India consisting of Mr. Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary-General, Ministry of External Affairs, and Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah and Mr. D. P Dhar, Prime Minister and Deputy Prime Minister of Kashmir. Messrs. Bajpai and Dhar are leaving for New York tomorrow.

DEMARCATED LINE IN GANGES RIVER

W. Bengal's Case Before Boundary Tribunal

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (UPI)

AT the resumed sitting of the Indo-Pakistan Boundary Disputes Arbitration Tribunal in the Assembly House this morning, the West Bengal Advocate-General Sir S. M. Bose explained the case of the India Government with regard to the issue of the boundary dispute between Murshidabad and Rajshahi.

In this connection he handed over in a sealed cover the original award with the map bearing the signature of Sir Cyril Radcliffe to the President of the Tribunal Lord Justice Bagge. The Tribunal then requested the counsel for India to get from New Delhi a written opinion of the other four judges sitting with Sir Cyril Radcliffe in the Bengal Boundary Commission in Calcutta.

The Advocate-General instructed the Government of India officer to send a message to New Delhi to get the opinion from four other judges by air.

Arguing, Mr. S. M. Bose said that the language used by Sir Cyril Radcliffe in delimiting the boundary was clear enough and admitted of no other interpretation. Sir Cyril had taken fixed points in the midstream of the river Ganges in drawing a boundary line along these points. The line thus demarcated by Sir Cyril, he added, became fixed and rigid and not flexible, as contended by the Pakistan counsel.

NO AMBIGUITY

The Advocate-General held that Sir Cyril, being an eminent jurist, foresaw the difficulties that might have cropped up if the boundary line was to be a slimy one as contended by Pakistan and therefore Sir Cyril had, in no ambiguous terms, settled the boundary line which was to be final. Even according to the international law, on which Pakistan relied, the boundary line had to be fixed except in cases where the river itself was the demarcation of the boundary line. In the present case Sir Cyril had not taken the river itself as the boundary line but certain fixed points in the mid stream of the river. Therefore, the international law as interpreted by Pakistan did not apply here, he contended.

Mr. S. M. Bose emphasised that the Indian Government wanted the Tribunal to settle once for all this boundary dispute and that the boundary line must be final (adds the PTI).

He requested Their Lordships to remember that the two Dominions did not call upon the Tribunal to lay down any new boundary line but to give effect to the boundary line as already drawn by Sir Cyril Radcliffe, in his award. Therefore, he said, it was necessary that the original award with the map prepared by Sir Cyril should be taken into consideration.

MUCH SYMPATHY, NO FOOD

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter): Director-General Morris Dodd told the Food and Agriculture Conference last night it had done little more than express its sympathy for the millions of people in need of food, clothing and housing.

"No delegations can feel we held out much hope to them," he said at the Conference's closing session. "We expressed our sympathy but not much else."

T.U.C. QUARREL SETTLED

Kara Steps Down

LONDON, Dec. 7 (PTI): The thorny question of who shall represent India's two million organised workers on the Executive Board of the new International Confederation of Free Trades Unions was settled today by the two rival Indian Trades Unions attending the world conference here.

Mr. Deven Sen of the Indian National Trade Unions Congress (1,320,000 members) and Miss Maniben Kara of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha (668,000 members) agreed that Mr. Sen should be the member with Miss Kara as the substitute.

But it was made clear in a note to the President of the Conference that the ordinary procedure of member and substitute, with the latter sitting only when the former was not available should not be followed in this case.

"We shall take it in turns" Miss Kara told the Press Trust of India.

Evolving Agreed Procedure For Andhra Formation

MADRAS PARTITION COMMITTEE TO TACKLE ALL ISSUES

MADRAS, Dec. 7 (PTI):

THE Madras Cabinet today appointed a eight-member Partition Committee with the Premier, Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja as Chairman to evolve "an agreed procedure" for the formation of the Andhra Province.

This is in pursuance of the directive from the Government of India to the provincial Government.

Besides the Premier, there are four other Ministers and three non-officials in the Committee.

The Committee will hold its first sitting tomorrow. One of the departmental secretaries of the provincial Government will be appointed Secretary to the Partition Committee.

The question of a temporary capital for the Andhra province is among the terms of reference to the Committee, stated Mr. M. Bhaktavatsalam, Minister for Public Works and Information, today.

The other issues referred to the Committee are:—

(1) The division of financial assets and liabilities between the Andhra Province and the residuary Madras Province.

(2) Future legislature of the Andhra Province and whether an Upper House is necessary.

(3) The position of the six non-Telugu taluqus of the Bellary District and

(4) Whether the High Court and the Public Services Commission are to be separate for each province or whether they could be common for some time.

UPI adds:—

Mr. P. S. Kumaraswamy Raja, interviewed after today's Cabinet meeting said the Partition Committee at its first meeting tomorrow will settle "all formalities" relating to its method of work.

He said that no time limit had been fixed for the submission of the Committee's recommendations.

'As soon as the Committee submits its report to the provincial Government, it will be duly forwarded to the Government of India who are the final authority in the matter," he added.

The Premier said that Sub-Committees with officials of the Government of Madras would also be constituted to assist the Partition Committee in arriving at decisions on finance and other matters where statistics are involved.

Asked whether there would be any chance of expediting the formation of the Andhra Province before April 1, 1950, the Premier said there were so many administrative details to be settled that "even God cannot hasten the process before April."

Mominstan In Pakistan!

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (UPI).

A move is a afoot to establish a separate state of Moministan in Pakistan. A conference of Momins from all over India will be held in Calcutta by the middle of next month when prominent Momin leaders from different parts of the country are expected to attend and discuss the question of establishment of a separate state of Moministan in Pakistan.

Addressing Momin students on Sunday, Mr. M. Z. Ansari, General Secretary, Bharat Momin Panchayat, said that the Momins were in a majority in Pakistan and so according to democratic principles there should be a Government dominated by Momins. He asked the Momins in India to join Congress which "protected their rights."

Fierce 2-Hour Battle In Malaya

SINGAPORE, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).

FOUR policemen were killed and seven seriously wounded in fighting off a fierce attack by forty guerillas in Negri Sembilian yesterday, it was officially disclosed today. Three of the terrorists were killed and ten believed wounded.

The two-hour battle in the Bahru area ended when the wounded police, their ammunition exhausted rushed the prepared positions held by the guerillas and captured them.

The hero of the action was a Malay sergeant who though mortally wounded continued to direct the operation. He was wounded thirteen times and died as reinforcements arrived.

SWEET NEWS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Government of Bombay have, with a view to encouraging the use of subsidiary food, decided to make available to the public sweet potatoes at cheap rates through all Government grain shops.

For the present only the Bombay rationed area will be supplied with sweet potatoes but later the scheme would be extended to the whole province.

Indo-Ceylon Trade Pact Approved

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7, (PTI): The Government of India and the Government of Ceylon have approved of the trade agreement reached between the two countries as a result of talks between the trade delegations of these countries held in October last, a Ministry of Commerce announcement here said today. An exchange of letters which took place between Mr. K. C. Neogy Commece Minister, Government of India, and Mr. H. W. Amarasuriya, leader of the Ceylon Trade Delegation embodies the above agreement which comes into force for the period from January 1 to December 31, 1950.

MORE REFUGEES FROM KARACHI

V. T. Platform 'Occupied'

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

About 240 refugees have arrived in Bombay from Karachi during the last three weeks and are now awaiting removal to camps outside Bombay.

An official of the Refugee Department of the Bombay Government said today that the refugees had refused to proceed to the Mashrul Camp near Deolali. But they were being given time to get ready to move out of Bombay city. Some of them have already occupied one of the platforms at Victoria Terminus.

MADRAS, Dec. 7 (U.P.I.): The Madras Government have decided to permit betting on horses in this Province upto April 30, 1951.

India Bill Passed By Commons

LONDON, Dec. 7. (PTI-Reuter). The Indian (Consequential Provision Bill passed through the committee stage and was given an unopposed thid reading in the House Of Commons today. It now goes to the House of Lords.

KASHMIR COMMISSION REPORT READY

Announcement From Geneva

GENEVA, Dec. 7. (PTI-Reuter).

THE United Nations Kashmir Commission has completed its report which will be sent to New York tomorrow to the Secretary-General. It was announced today.

Discussion on the report in the Security Council will begin as soon as possible after the arrival of the Kashmir Commission in New York The Commission leaves by sea for the United States on December 10.

A communique from the office of the Kashmir Commission said the report will be published as soon as it comes up for consideration in the Security Council.

COMMUNIQUE

The Communique said:

"The United Nations' Commission for India and Pakistan has completed its third interim report to the Security Council on Saturday, December 3, in Geneva.

"The five members of the Commission-representatives of Argentina, Belgium, Colombia, Czechoslovakia and the United States—are leaving Cherbourgh and Southampton in the liner Queen Mary on December 10 for New York where they will be received by the Security Council, their superior organ.

"The Personal Representative of the Secretary-General (M. Erik Colban) is flying to New York on December 10.

"The Commission's Legal Adviser (M. Miguel) is leaving Geneva for New York on December 8 with the report which will be handed to the Secretary-General for distribution to members of the Security Council in order that the report may be taken up without delay upon the arrival of the Commission.

"The report itself will be made public as soon as it comes up for consideration in the Security Council."

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For Sale—5½ H. P. Crossley Crude or Diesel Oil Engine 12 x—inches Europe artificial Linga Mill. Circulating water connection complete with tools. Apply Mrs. D. F. Soonawalla, 764. Parsi Colony, Naval House, Dadar. 1406

AGENTS WANTED

Cottage and Swadeshi Industries Exhibition in Delhi—from 26th Jan. 1950, the Remembrance Day. Railway concessions available. Apply for stalls. Agents and Canvassers required on commission or salary. Akhil Bharatiya Udyog Pradarshani, Parade Ground, Delhi. Grams: Pradarsani. Phone. 5530. 6497

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA Ltd.

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SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 28210 to 28214 for 25 shares Nos. 244927 to 244951 of the Union Bank of India Ltd. Standing in the name of late Hirasing Thanversing Hemdev are lost or mislaid. Anybody having any claim against them should intimate to the above Bank within one month from the date hereof. Afterwhich the Bank will issue Duplicates.

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son of Hirasing
(2) HASSAMAL,
son of Hirasing
(3) BAI NOWNIDHBAI.
wife of Hirasing

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER, for the supply of (1) 144 Insulators Porcelain H.T. for Transformer; (2) 200 gallons Varnish D.Q.D. Ex-body, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1. upto Noon on Tuesday, the 20th December, 1949. (6563)

G.I.P. RLY—TENDER

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, is prepared to receive tenders upto 3 p.m. (S.T.) on January 20, 1950 for the supply of labour as from 1-2-1950 for loading and unloading goods of all descriptions required to be loaded/unloaded by the Railway at Wadi Bandar and, when or if required, at Byculla Goods Depot.

The prescribed form of tender with conditions on which tenders will be considered and the form of agreement can be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Victoria Terminus, upto December 20, 1949 on payment of Rs. 2/- per set, which amount will not be refunded. (6532)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER, for the supply of (1) 198 Bags Grains and Pulses; (2) 3000 lbs. Tea; (3) 50 cases Soap 501 or equivalent; (4) 5000 Nos. Iron Bolts of different sizes, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1 upto Noon on TUESDAY, the 13th December, 1949. (6562)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Mahalaxmi, Bombay for the Sale of approximately 100 tons arisings of used Tickets at the Ajmer Depot.

Copies of Tender can be had free of charge from the District Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 11 or from the Distt: Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Ajmer.

The tender is returnable to the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Bombay 11. before 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) on THURSDAY THE 5TH JANUARY, 1950. (6566)

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1903,
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1st December, 1949

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is likely that a final dividend will be declared and paid to the creditors of the above named Bank during the year 1950, and in order to enable the Liquidators to bring upto date the list of creditors, the creditors and/or their agents are required to communicate to the Liquidators of the Bank at the above address any change in their status and address, within 3 months from the date of this notice. If a communication is not received within the stipulated time the Liquidators will consider the address and status as registered in the records of the Bank to be in order and notices regarding the declaration of the final dividend will be posted to that address.

Alliance Bank of Simla Limited.
(In Liquidation)
R. S. ARTHUR
For self and Co-Liquidators.
(6564)

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

IN ACCORDANCE with By-law 1 of Section IV of the College Bylaws, it is hereby notified, for information, that a meeting of the Fellows of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Bombay will be held in the Council Hall of the College at 7-30 p.m. on Friday the 13th January, 1950. for the election of three members of the College Council.

D. K. BHARUCHA,
Secretary
Hospital Avenue, Parel.
Bombay, 8th December, 1949.
(6560)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAI LILABAI, widow of BIRSINGH NATHUSINGH of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground being plot No. 5 of Dadar Matunga Estate with the messuage, tenements or dwelling houses standing therein, situate, lying and being at Vincent Cross Road, also called Kohinoor Road, Dadar, in the Registration Sub-district and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1491. square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 1258 and 1259, Cadastral Survey No. 27/10 of Matunga Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F. Ward Nos. 6658(5) and 6658(5a) and Street Nos. 11 and 11-A and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North-East by a road 66' in width, on the South-East by plot No. 6 of the said Estate, on the South-West by land of the said Estate laid out as a service passage and on the North-West by Plot No. 4 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Madhavdas Lakhmidas and Another.

Dated this 8th day of December, 1949.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT
Purchaser's Attorneys
(6561)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS.

M/s GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from G.I.P. Ry. and in accordance with sections 55 and 56 of India Railways Act 9 of 1890, sell by Public Auction on 28th, 29th and 30th Inst. at 11 A.M. each day at platform No. 14, Parcel Office, V. T. unclaimed goods: Articles said to be of gold and silver, Clothes, cycles, watches, biddis. Elec. goods, machinery, etc. and on 28th Inst. at 12 Noon: One case said to contain Indian Bristles, booked from Rajakimandi to Bombay V.T. under Parcel Way Bill No. 9055/52 dated 20-4-49, weighing 2 maunds, by one Kallu to self.
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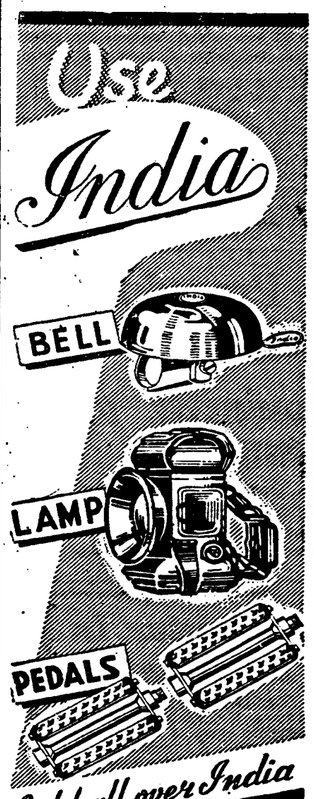

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NEW BICYCLE FACTORY

Indian Firm Ties Up With Raleigh

BOMBAY, Wednesday: A factory designed for an initial production of 50,000 bicycles per annum is to be set up at Asansol, about 150 miles from Calcutta, by the Sen-Raleigh Industries of India Ltd. The Government of India have sanctioned capital issue to this company floated by Messrs. Sen and Pandit in association with the owners of the largest cycle factory in the world, Raleigh Industries of Nottingham, England.

Raleigh Industries will exercise full technical control of the new company, which they will secure by sending out their own technicians to India and also by training Indians in their Nottingham factory.

Raleigh, Humber, Rudge and Robinhood pedal bicycles and Sturmey Archer products will be manufactured by the company. Production is expected to start by 1951.

In the initial stage, which is expected to be completed by 1951, the company will erect the necessary buildings and factory for the manufacture of frames and forks, including the processes of bonderising, enamelling and lining, and the assembly of these frames and forks into a bicycle built up of imported parts.

As the factory develops, more and more component parts which formerly were imported will be manufactured on the spot, until the factory is in a position to manufacture a complete bicycle in so far as this is a practicable economic proposition.

The factory will be designed for an initial production of 50,000 bicycles per annum, but provision is being made for an extension to the factory which will enable up to 150,000 bicycles per annum to be produced. In addition, sufficient land is available and plans have been formulated to enable a still further extension permitting the production of 250,000 bicycles per annum, if this is thought desirable.

KANNADIGAS WANT JUSTICE ASSURED

Reason Of Recent Resignations

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The immediate cause that led to the resignation of Karnataka Legislators is the Andhra-Karnataka boundary question in Bellary and Anantapur districts, according to Mr. H. R Moharay, Editor, 'Samyukta Karnataka,' Hubli.

In a statement issued here today, he said: "Madras Government as well as the Congress Secretary completely ignored even representation to Karnataka on the Boundary Commission. The resignations do not mean either threat or rebellion, but helplessness."

"I have found the English press has failed to take the correct view of Karnataka people. According to me the problem of readjustment of boundaries of provinces cannot be solved piecemeal. The Congress or the Central Government will have to tackle this problem today or tomorrow. A fully representative Boundary Commissions should be appointed with sufficiently wide terms of reference to go into this problem thoroughly.

"While deciding the provincial boundaries, reasons, historical, cultural, linguistic and administrative will have to be taken into consideration."

Mr. Moharay in conclusion said that Kannadigas had no intention of coercing anybody and were ready to exercise patience provided justice and fairplay were assured.

MINISTER PATIL RESIGNS

Mandate Of Electorate

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Two cyclostyled forms, one addressed to the Chairman, All India Congress Parliamentary Board, New Delhi, and the other to H.E. the Governor of Bombay, the former seeking permission to resign his membership of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, and the latter the actual letter of resignation, were forwarded today, to the President K.P.C.C. by Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, Government of Bombay.

Before doing this, Mr. Patil, was closeted with Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, for sometime and it is learnt that he apprised the Premier of the steps which led to his decision.

The following which are the actual texts of the resignations are the routine forms which were filled by all the resigning members, Parliamentary Secretaries and Mr. M. P. Patil.

To The Chairman, All India Congress Parliamentary Board New Delhi.

Since my election I have been serving my electorate to the best of my ability. They have been all along agitating for the formation of a separate province for Karnatak and had hoped that the Congress which had given assurance for such a formation, on numerous occasions, would implement them, at least, by the time that new Constitution Act comes into force early next year.

The Congress Working Committee, in its resolution of 16-11-1949 has however sanctioned the formation of a separate province for Andhra only. My electors therefore feel that their hopes for an early formation of the Karnatak Province have not been realised and may not be realised in the near future. I feel helpless in my attempts to secure a province for Karnatak.

I have been receiving numerous requests from my Constituency to resign my seat forthwith inasmuch as I am unable to do anything on their behalf in getting their aspirations fulfilled or grievances met. I feel that no useful purpose will be served by my continuing to be a member of the Bombay

I, therefore, request you to permit me to resign my seat in the Legislature. The accompanying letter of resignation addressed to the Governor of Bombay may kindly be forwarded to him.

In view of the keen disappointment prevailing in my Constituency by reason of the failure of Government to form a separate province for Karnatak and as desired by my Constituency I beg to resign my seat.

HE IS SORRY

A little before he met the Premier, Mr. M. P. Patil, told a representative of this paper that this question did not come within the scope of the Government of Bombay. It was his duty to keep the Premier informed about the happenings and he had done so. So far as Bombay Government was concerned, the formation of a Karnatak Province had always been supported by it.

Mr. Patil added, "I am sorry to part company with my colleagues. There were hardly any differences between us and even if there were they were always settled amicably."

After his meeting with Mr. Patil, Mr. Kher told a representative of this paper, that the decisions to resign were in pursuance of the operative part of the resolution, by which permission to resign had to be sought from the Congress Parliamentary Board. "Let us await the Board's decision", he added.

Mr. S. R. Kanthi, Parliamentary Secretary to the Finance Minister, who has also submitted his resignation, in an interview stated that the resignation were no intimidation or coercion nor the denial of co-operation. He added, "we have always agitated for a United Karnataka Province. And now, we cannot escape the consequence of our own movements in the past."

Mr. V. T. Magadi, Secretary, K.P.C.C., who is the custodian of the resignations so far, said that the formation of Karnataka was the easiest in the formation of linguistic Provinces, as Mysore already had a sound Government. There was no question of hunting for a new Capital, as Bangalore was already there. He said that if any responsible representative of the Government of India, demarcated provisional boundaries, regarding disputed areas, they would abide by it for at least ten years.

It was learnt today that the determination of the Karnatak for unification in the near future is based among other factors on an epistle addressed by Dr. Rajendra Prasad before handing over charge, that no differentiation would be made in the formation of Provinces.

It is also learnt that the recent resolution asking the Maharaja of Mysore to abdicate as a sacrifice, has the blessing of the Congress High Command.

The following members of Karnatak have resigned today:—

(1) F. D. Ghodke M.L.C. (2) G. S. Sajjan M.L.A. (3) R. S. Hukkerikar M.L.A., (4) M. P. Patil M.L.C., (5) M. K. Mogali M.L.A. (6) B. N. Munwalli—Constituent Assembly Member, (7) L. A. Patil M.L.C. and (8) R. A. Kulkarni M.L.A.

THE RESOLUTION

Here is the resolution passed by the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee Council held at Hubli on December 3, 1949:

This special meeting of the K.P.C.C. Council has considered the situation created in Karnatak by the Resolution of the Congress Working Committee passed on 16-11-1949 in the matter of the formation of linguistic provinces, by which the Andhra Province alone was recommended and the creation of a province for Karnatak was shelved.

This Council has taken note of the serious situation that has arisen by the proposed creation of the Andhra Province alone, in the adjecent Kannada areas in the district of Bellary in particular and Kannada areas along the border in general in the Province of Madras, which will be left in a pitiable condition and in hopeless minority in the resiuary province of Madras after the separation of Andhradesh.

This council has also taken note of the keen sense of dissatisfaction and disappointment created in all Kannada areas, by the failure on the part of the Congress Working Committee to carry out its repeated pledges in respect of the formation of Karnatak Province simultaneously with the introduction of the new Constitution in India.

LOSING FAITH

This meeting is regretful obliged to record with grave concern the fact that the people of Karnatak have been fast losing faith in the Congress and that by the non-formation of Karnatak province, their day-to-day existence has been rendered unbearable and that they are being persistently denied their legitimate share in the progress and development of the country as a whole.

This Council has also taken note of the incessant demands that are being made by the people of Karnatak, calling upon their chosen recresentatives in the Central and Provincial Legislatures to resign their seats as they are not in a position to discharge their obligation nor effectively to serve the people. It also notes that these representatives generally share this feeling.

Under these circumstances this meeting of the Council of the K.P.C.C. is of the opinion that the time has now come for these representatives now come for these recresentatives of forthwith after obtaining the permission of the Central Parliamentary Board of the Congress therefor.

Generous Response To Flag Day Appeal

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

BOMBAY responded generously to the call of ex-servicemen when thousands of paper flags were sold all over the city in observance of the Flag Day today.

Groups of smartly-dressed women volunteers went round the streets making door-to-door collections.

Crowded business localities and popular hotels, clubs and restaurants were literally raided by charming girls with collection boxes in their hands, who successfully appealed to the public to part with something in support of a noble cause.

Collections were also made from the sale of big-size car flags which were seen displayed on the automobile bonnets of several cars moving.

The highlight of the celebrations was an impressive route march by men of the three defence services—army navy and airforce—and a mobile column of the vehicles of these three units.

The march started at 9 a.m. from the Cooperage to the accompaniment of the R.I.N. Band. The marching column consisted of the Royal Indian Artillery, the Royal Indian Engineers, the 17th Sikh Regiment, the Royal Indian Engineers' Band, the Royal Indian Territory Army and the Royal Indian Air Force.

Standing on an improvised the red-draped rostrum, at a point opposite the Scout Hut on the Mahatma Gandhi Road, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier of Bombay, took the salute as the two columns marched past the road after traversing the length of the Mayo Road. A big crowd had gathered to see the Premier and the route march, and it was a tough job for the police to keep it under control. The Premier was accompanied by Commodore Inigo Jones of the Royal Indian Navy, Bombay, and Brigadier Madhavsinghji, the Bombay Sub-Area Commander.

Before leaving, he expressed his appreciation at the performance of the three defence units.

After crossing the Mahatma Gandhi Road, the two columns diverged at Dhobi Talao. The marching column proceeded to the Tardeo Tram Junction via Girgaum Road, Opera House, and Lamington Road. The mechanised column on the other hand, wended its way along Carnac Road, Mohamedali Road, Ebrahim Rahimtoola Road, Victoria Gardens, Parel Road and after going as far as Dadar returned to Colaba via Tilak Bridge, Gokhale Road, Delisle Road, Lamington Road and Queens Road. They were greeted by crowds of people who cheered them lustily at several points.

Early morning the RIN Band played at the Gateway of India. Planes of the Bombay Flying Club zoomed over the horizon, throwing leaflets on different parts of the city.

One of the main attractions of the Flag Day Programme was a pleasure cruise off Marve Beach, arranged by Lt. J. S. Randhava, Commanding Officer of the H.M.I.S. "Hamla" an RIN Establishment in Marve. A nominal charge of four annas per head was collected.

Flags were also sold in the docks, the ships in the harbour and other naval establishments.

BILL TO CONTROL INDUSTRIES

Exemptions Asked

POONA, Dec. 7 (PTI).

The Committee of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce and Idnustries of Poona has suggested in a memorandum to the Government of India that industrial undertakings employing less than 100 persons or having a total working capital of Rs. 30 lakhs or less be excluded from the purview of the proposed Industries (Development and Control) Bill providing for regulating and control of certain industries.

The Committee state in the memorandum that in the national interest Central control and regulation of industry of all-India importance is necessary. However, the scope of State intervention should under all circumstances be minimum and small scale and lower medium scale industry should be left to grow by itself.

TWO CLASSES

The Committee have suggested the division of industries mentioned in the schedule into two classes namely the defence industries and others. They are agreeable to making the control rigid in the case of defence industries. Even then they suggest that such rigid regulation be resorted to only after a due inquiry by an expert body is made and the advice of the Advisory Board taken.

In the case of other industries in the schedule, control and regulation, the Committee sugrest, should be restricted to such matters as registration, licensing and fixation of standards of production.

EXPANSION OF SHIPPING

Conference In Delhi

BOMBAY, Wednesday. A ten year plan for an overall improvement and expansion of the Indian shipping will, among other things, be considered at the forthcoming three day Shipping Conference to be held in New Delhi from December 26 under the presidency of the Commerce Minister, Mr. K. C Neogy, United Press of India reliably learned here today.

The Conference, it is stated, will have detailed discussions with the representatives of the various shipping interests. The present tonnage position of Indian shipping, it may be mentioned in this connection, is 36 million, that is, only 5 per cent of the total tonnage of the world shipping.

Negotiations, it is gathered, have started between the Government of India and the British shipping interests operating in monopoly conditions in the Persian Gulf-Karachi line, following the intention of the Government of India to delegate the shipping trade rights in this line, as envisaged in the proposed second Shipping Corporation, to the Bombay Steam Navigation Company in October last. A decision in this regard is likely to be taken at the forthcoming Delhi Conference.

The conference, UPI further understands will also discuss the possibility of setting up a department for unproper acquisition and reservation statistics.

PROTECTIVE DUTY FOR WOOD SCREWS

Inquiry Concludes

BOMBAY, Wednesday

The Tariff Board held an inquiry today into the question of continuance of protection to the wood screws industry beyond 31st March, 1950.

The representatives of the various interests present at the inquiry agreed that the demand for wood screws in the country during the next three years may be placed at 2,000 tons, 2,250 tons and 2,500 tons respectively.

It was disclosed at the inquiry that the rated capacity of all the active units of the industry constituted less than 20 per cent of the demand and that the actual production was still less.

A comparison of the prices of indigenous product and the comparable imported article showed that the existing rate of duty provided sufficient assistance to the industry. The question of quality of the indigenous product was also discussed at the inquiry.

On behalf of the Tariff Board, Dr B. V Narayanaswamy Naidu, assured the industry that all the relevant factors would be taken into consideration by the Board before it made recommendations to Government on the question of continuance of protection to the industry beyond 31st March, 1950.

Industrial Disputes For Adjudication

BOMBAY, Wednesday

The industrial dispute between six 'tapkir karkhandars' in Pandharpur and their workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. I. G. Thakore.

The industrial dispute between the Garlick and Company, Bombay, and its workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr P. S Bakhale.

Local Bodies' Expenditure On Civic Addresses

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Government of Bombay has directed that the expenditure incurred by local bodies from their funds in connection with the presentation of addresses to His Excellency the Governor-General, Their Excellencies the Governors of Provinces and also non-officials, should not exceed Rs. 15 in any one case.

A similar restriction on the expenditure on addresses to Ministers has been in force since 1939.

Pohas On Ration List

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Cardholders in the Bombay rationed area can now obtain Pohas on the basis of two lbs. per month per Head of Family's foodgrains ration card at the rate of Re 0-6-6 per lb. Pohas will be available at the following Government Grain Shops only:—

BOMBAY CITY: — Government Grain Shops Nos. 6 9 15 16 17 19 23 25 28 50 65 67 74 81 90 101 105 111 123 124 137 144 146 148 149 151 160 172 196 225 241 and 242.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT Government Grain Shops Nos. 93 102 202 204 205 206 212 and 232.

Telegraph Notification

BOMBAY, Wednesday: A telegraph notification says with immediate effect rate for ordinary press telegrams to Indonesia (formerly Dutch East Indies) has been increased to seven annas six pies per word.

Egyptian Consul Leaves For New Post

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Awaiting the arrival of the newly appointed Consul General of Egypt, Mr Raouf Kaldas, the Vice-Consul, Mr. Saad Mortada will be in charge of the Royal Consulate General. Mr. Moustafa El-Saadany, the Consul, who has lately been transferred to another post left today.

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"GEMINI'S NISHAN"
(HINDI)
NOW SHOWING AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
(3 shows daily)
JAIHIND & RIVOLI
(4 shows daily)

2nd BIG WEEK
MANIK STUDIOS—
JAYANT Release
MAYA BAZAR
Durga Khote, Baby Shakuntala, Shahu Modak
NOVELTY
Daily: 3-30 & 9-30 Hindi
6-30 Marathi. Sun. Mat. 12-30
Ad. Bk. 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

GALA DOUBLE NATIONAL PREMIERE!
Ajit
ON FRI. 16TH DEC. at
NEW EMPIRE
(Plans open daily 9-30 a.m.
& MINERVA
Plans will open on Mon. 12th.

RANJIT'S
Nazaare
2nd WEEK at
NEW WEST END
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
Sunday Matinee at 12
BROADWAY
(DADAR)
PARADISE
(MAHIM)
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30

From TOMORROW
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Successful Musical Social
KISMET
with
ASHOK KUMAR & MUMTAZ SHANTI
AT
MINERVA
TODAY—LAST DAY
AAP KI SEVAMEN

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Magsar Vad 3 2006
Muslim: Safar 17 1369
Parsi: Tir 7 1319
Sunrise 7-0 a. m. sunset 6-2 p. m.
Hightide 11-00, Lowtide 05-56, 17-08

Today's Engagements

KHETWADI TALUKA CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Urgent meeting at 6-45 p. m. in Girgaum District Congress Office at Congress House.

SIR RATAN TATA INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE Exhibition and sale of work at Taj Mahal Hotel, Banquet Room at 12 Noon.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY Educational, Scientific and informative films at the Town Hall 6 p. m.

BOMBAY STATE ROAD TRANSPORT CORPORATION. Inauguration by Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, Bombay, at Ghodbunder Road, Santa Cruz 6 p.m.

MAHIM SEVA SAMITI Public meeting near Ganesh temple Dharavi 6-30 p. m.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS: Reception in honour of Mr. G. P. Kapadia, the first President of the Institute of chartered Accountants of India and Members elected from Bombay Constituency on December 10 at 3-30 p. m. at the Taj.

ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE: Rehman Memorial Inter-Collegiate dramatic Competition on SUNDAY at 4-30 p. m. at College Hall, Jogeshwari.

All-India Weather

POONA, Dec. 7 (P.T.I.): The following is the weather summary for Wednesday.

Weather has been dry over the country except for a few showers in the extreme south of the peninsula and along the Circars coast.

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in North-West India, the South United Provinces and Chota Nagpur and appreciably above normal in the Deccan, the west and the South Central Provinces and Mysore.

Forecast valid until Thursday evening: Rainfall will be widespread in the southern districts of South-East Madras and occur locally in South Malabar. A few showers are also likely in the rest of South-East Madras, along the North Madras coast and in and near the hills of the East Punjab and of the West United Provinces.

Night temperatures will rise in the central part of the country, the East Punjab, the West United Provinces and in and near the South Deccan.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours with total rainfall from 1st December 1949, and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. I.S.T. on 7th December 1949:—

Ahmedabad 84 57 0 0; Akola 88 63 0 0 0; Allahabad 73 43 0 0 0; Aurangabad 86 61 0 0 minus 0.7; Bangalore 77 59 0 0 minus 0.1; Baroda 90 49 0 0; Bhopal 82 49 0 0; Bhuj 81 50 0 0 0; BOMBAY 87 69 0 0 0; Cherrapunji 62 47 0 0 0; Darjiling 53 37 0 0 minus 0.1; Dehra Dun 68 46 0 0 minus 0.1; Gwalior 77 37 0 0 0; Gulbarga 85 65 0 0 0; Hanamkonda 86 64 0 0 0; Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 69 0 0 minus 0.1; Indore 82 54 0 0 0; Jaipur 78 45 0 0 0; Jubbulpore 77 45 0 0 0; Kanpur 72 43 0 0 minus 0.1; Kodaikanal 65 45 0 0.1 minus 1.7; Kurnool 86 62 0 0 minus 0.1; Mahabaleshwar 75 52 0 0 minus 0.1; Mangalore 90 76 0 0 minus 0.1; Mercara 75 59 0 0 minus 0.2; Mussoorie 52 38 0 0 0; Mysore 80 61 0 0 minus 0.2; Ootacamund 72 39 0 0 minus 0.7; Pachmarhi 71 49 0 0 0; Poona 89 57 0 0 0; Shillong 61 38 0 0.1 plus 0.1; Sholapur 88 67 0 0 minus 0.1; Simla 55 48 0 0 minus 0.1; Surat 89 57 0 0 0.

W. H. O. Official Visiting Bangalore

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, Dec. 7: Dr. Pampana, Secretary-General of the World Health Organisation in charge of Malaria control, will be visiting Bangalore on Dec. 16. He will proceed to Sagar to inspect malaria control work carried on by W.H.O. Dr. T. Chandrasekhriah Director of Public Health Mysore will accompany Dr. Pampana.

City Telephone Muddle

MUNICIPALITY TO INTERCEDE

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Complaints regarding the improper working of the telephone system in the city were raised by a member at a meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation today. Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor, presided.

Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan, Congress, moved a resolution requesting the Municipal Commissioner to approach the General Manager of the Telephone Company and ask him to consider the desirability of regulating the method and system of sending telephone bills to the subscribers.

Mr. Taleyarkhan complained that the machinery for recording the number of calls was very imperfect with the result that the number of calls recorded were very often higher than the number of calls actually put in by the subscriber. Wrong numbers had become too frequent, and they all went to the account of the subscriber. The complaints sent to the authorities concerned remained unheeded. The whole state of affairs required serious consideration, and he therefore appealed to the Commissioner to take up the matter with the General Manager of the Company.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

Another resolution moved by Mr. M. Harris and adopted by the House requested the B.E.S.T Committee to provide destination indicators on trams and buses, both in Roman and Devanagri characters instead of the present arrangement of providing such boards in Roman characters only

Evidence Not Adequate

HIGH COURT SETS ASIDE SENTENCE

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Remarking that the prosecution evidence was not adequate to warrant the conviction of the accused, their Lordship, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar at the Bombay High Court set aside the sentence of a day's simple imprisonment and fine of Rs. 1,000 imposed on Thakur Naharsinghji Dipsinghji, Jagirdar of Kukadia in Idar State, by the Sessions Court of Sabar Kanta for wrongful confinement of a woman.

The prosecution case against Naharsinghji was that on March 9 last, he attempted to murder one of his 'Pashwan' by name Hirabai by forcibly administering to her jaggery mixed glass powder. He also locked her up in a room for few days before attempting to murder her.

The Sabar Kanta Sessions Judge before whom he was prosecuted, acquitted Naharsinghji of the charge of attempting to murder but convicted him for wrongful confinement of Hirabai. He was awarded a day's simple imprisonment and fine of Rs. 1,000.

Appealing against the conviction, the accused denied the charge and stated that the case was brought up against him at the instance of others.

Telegrams To Colombo And Austria

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7: German language can be used in telegrams to Colombia Republic. Registered addresses of well known firms are also admitted but senders must sign their full name on telegrams.

In telegrams to and from Austria, the following special services are admitted, namely, TC, PC, PCP, XP, Express and PAV.

THE STATE AS A TRADER

Opinions At City Symposium

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Varied and sometimes conflicting views were expressed on 'state trading', by various speakers today at a symposium arranged by the All-India Manufacturers' Association at the Indian Merchants' Chamber. Mr. Morarji J. Vaidya presided.

Opening the discussion, Dr. V. K. Muranjan, Professor at Sydenham College, said the middleman was not a parasite, but played an important part in the economic life of a country. Explaining the implications and consequences of state trading, the professor said that the state should enter the field of external and internal trading, if the middleman's profit was excessive, or foreign trade was controlled and monopolised by cartels or vested interests.

Mr. R. M. Nanavati, a prominent exporter and importer, relating his experiences in foreign trade, said that the Government should not venture to enter into the field of trading, when the country was suffering from "economic sickness".

Mr. Azziz Lalji, giving a qualified support to state trading, said that the state trade machinery should be run on efficient commercial lines and be entrusted to experienced industrialists and businessmen. State trading, he emphasised, would not be successful, if it was handled by bureaucrats.

Mr. P. R. Moos pointed out that state trading was necessary in certain cases.

The discussion was adjourned to a later date.

NO CONTRIBUTION TO MAHATMA FUND

Municipal Standing Committee Decision

BOMBAY, Wednesday

The Bombay Municipal Corporation will not donate Rs. one lakh towards the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund as was previously proposed by its Standing Committee.

The Standing Committee at its meeting today decided to withdraw its former proposal in view of the fact that the Corporation had already decided to raise a suitable memorial to Mahatma Gandhi in the shape of a Recreation Centre to be constructed at the cost of several lakhs of rupees at Shivaji Park.

Mr. Salebhai Abdul Kader who presided over the meeting said that as the new Centre was going to be named after the Father of the Nation there was no reason to give Rs. one lakh towards the Fund.

Textile Dispute For Wage Board

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The industrial dispute between the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association and the Textile Labour Association, Ahmedabad, has been referred for decision to the Wage Board for the Cotton Textile Industry.

R. S. S. Chief In City

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Mr. M. S. Golwalkar the R S S leader arrived in Bombay last night from Nagpur. Mr. Golwalkar will stay here for three days and leave for Nagpur on Saturday.

Police Duel With Dacoits

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 7: A three-hour duel between the police and dacoits are reported from a village near Agra. Guns and revolvers were fired from both sides. Two dacoits were arrested whilte two escaped though injured.

The Pulse Of The City

BROKER BOOKED: The Crime Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. arrested, Wednesday, a businessman of Ahmedabad, Manubhai Mohanlal Shah who was employed by the Government of Bombay, as a broker to dispose of the 4,000 bales of cotton yarn lying in various districts, on a commision of half a per cent. The accused is said to have entered into contracts with 40 dealers who agreed to buy 15,000 bales of yarn, costing a crore of rupees. Police alleged that the accused charged half to three per cent commission from the buyers over and above the commission stipulated by the Government. His bail (on Rs. 50,000) was extended when he was produced before the Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon.

WANTED NO LONGER: Police laid their hands on Fukraj Sumaji, wanted for theft of gold and silver ornaments and cash worth Rs. 8,800. The accused was working as a servant with Zaverchand Sagarmal two months ago. He is alleged to have committed a theft on October 10. He was remanded in Police custody, Wednesday.

FROM THE DOCKS: The Crime Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. arrested Keshav Shankar on Tuesday for allegedly receiving and disposing of stolen property. Police stated before the Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, where the accused was produced that acting on information they arrested the accused who is said to have received some cloth valued at Rs. 5,000 which had been stolen from the Alexandra Docks. Police added that the accused had disposed of the cloth in the open market. The magistrate ordered him to be remanded in police custody, pending investigations.

SUDDEN END: Death came suddenly to Madan Ganesh Dhotre, editor of a Marathi cine weekly, who fell down from a running train between Khar and Bandra and died instantaneously. A large number of journalists attended the funeral.

HEARTBROKEN: Godavaribai Thakkar whose husband had died a month ago, not able to bear the loss is stated to have committed suicide, Tuesday, by pouring kerosene oil on her clothes and set fire to them. Fearing her cries might be heard by the neighbours she is stated to have stuffed a gag to her mouth.

NO MORE REBUKES: A husband rebuked his wife for not having cooked the noon meals. This proved too much for the young housewife who is stated to have committed suicide. Wednesday by setting fire to her sari. She later died in the hospital.

WORKERS' PARADISE: The Municipal Commissioner has made a proposal to the Corporation to cut a portion of the Golanji Hill, near Sewri, lay out a spacious garden on its top from where a good view of the City can be had, for the exclusive use of the industrial workers of Bombay The proposal awaits the approval of the Corporation. The proposed garden is in accordance with a recommendation contained in the Master Plan for Greater Bombay

U. N. Is A Public Forum

MR. LEITGEBER'S VIEW

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The United Nations is a political organisation only to some extent; its scope is much wider than the settlement of political problems; it is a vast field with a multitude of subjects and dozens of agencies to deal with them. It is actually a people's forum, rather than a diplomatic association and the danger to its aims and objectives is the ignorance and apathy of the common people.

So said by Mr. B Leitgeber, Director, United Nations Information Centre at New Delhi, while eading a paper on "United Nations" at the Town Hall, at a meeting today under the auspices of the Institute for Educational and Cultural Co-operation of Bombay. Sir R. P. Masani presided.

The purpose of the U.N., the speaker said, was simple. Every member Government of the organisation knew it. But there was a good deal of scepticism whether the U.N. would achieve its objectives. That was partly due to the belief that it was an organisation of the diplomatic representatives of Governments. This was not correct.

UNIQUE

Mr. Leitgeber said that the Declaration of Human Rights was unique in the history of the world and its power for good was incalculable. It encircled the whole globe. The Declaration might not be law, he said, but had the will of the people behind it. It set a standard for Governments to follow and tackled all aspects of human life — decent living standards, education for children, security against old age and accidents, poverty, disease, oppression and ignorance.

Detailing how the U.N. had achieved tangible results, Mr. Leitgeber said that in the spheres of food, agriculture, development of backward countries, educational and scientific matters, health and currency problems, the organisation had done appreciable good.

Replying to a question at the end of the meeting, the speaker said that the U. N. was working out a plan for the creation of an international force, limited, for the time being, to cases where the U. N. Commissions worked in the field and needed physical protection.

TODAY'S RADIO

BOMBAY—A

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 41.44 m (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhayee (Abhang) 7-35 Sharir Shiksha 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Narayandas Jekisandas and Party (Bhajan) 8 News E 8-15 Jyotsna Bhole (Desi) 8-45 News G.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 41.44 m (7,240 kc/s)
12-45 p.m Tantrakari 12-50 N. Jekisandas and Party (Bhajans) 1 News G 1-10 Gurjar Garvi Geeto 1-30 News E 1-40 Popular Dance Music.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 31.41 m from 4-20 to 7-45 p.m. 41.44 m 8 to 11 p.m.
4-20 p.m. School Broadcast 5 Vasantrao Rajopadhye (Multani) 5-15 Hasmat Husain (Sitar par Patdeep) 5-30 Children's Half-hour E 6 News E 6-10 Hashmat Husain (Sitar par Purbi) 6-20 Vasantrao Rajopadhye (Shree) 6-40 Jinendra Dhanal (Puria Dhanashri) 7 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-20 Jinendra Dhanal (Shyam Kalyan) 7-30 Vasantrao Rajopadhye (Sindhura) 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-15 News G 8-30 Ghar Angane G 8-45 "Kharun Bhanatar" by Natwar Khilochia G 9 News E 9-15 Violin Solo 9-30 Songs from Films 9-45 Fishing for compliments: by A. R. Dawood E 10 Olga Craen 10-30 George Lester (Violoncello).

BOMBAY—B

353 m (850 kc/s) 48.79 m (6,150 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A 7-45 News K 8 Hashmat Husain (Sitar par Bhairon) 8-15 News H 8-30 News M 8-45 Haribhau Joshi Marathi Pad.

353 m and 31.41 m
12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A 12-50 News M 1 Haribhau Joshi Marathi Pad 1-10 As in Bombay A 1-30 Garvi Gurjar Geetos 1-40 News H 1-50 Vanita Mandal.

353 m (850 kc/s) 41.44 m from 4-20 to 7-15 p.m. 61.98 m 7-30 to 11 p.m.
4-20 p.m. As in Bombay A 6 Marathi Pad 6-10 News H 6-20 Calling Rural Listeners 7-20 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News K 8 News M 8-15 Haribhau Johi (Marathi Pad) 8-30 As in Bombay A 9 Rajamma Venkatraman (Kannada song) 9-15 News H 9-30 As in Bombay A 10 Jyotsna Bhole (Tilak Kamod).

V. L. MEHTA ON THE AIR

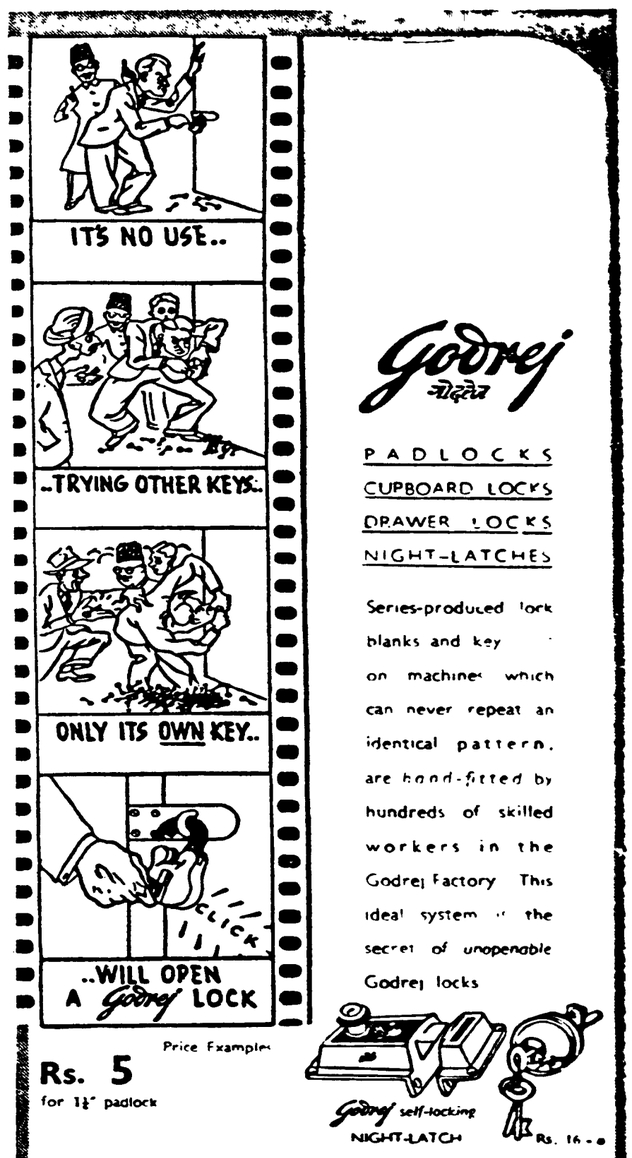
At 8-30 p. m. on Thursday, December 8, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, Government of Bombay will broadcast a talk in Gujarati from All India Radio Bombay on 'Sarcodaya.'

BARODA
250 m (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Govindrao R. Sinde (Shahnai) 7-40 Vyayam Shikshan 7-45 N. G. Ghanekar (Bilaskhani Todi) 8 News E 8-15 Sangeet Shikshan 8-30 Mishra Sangeet 5-30 p.m. Variety 6 News E 6-10 Govindrao R. Shine 6-20 As in Ahmedabad 6-30 Gram Jano Mate 7 Sharanam 7-15 Govindrao R Shinde (Shahnai) 7-30 Bhagvatdas K. Bhagat (Bhajan) 7-45 Ramatna Medanman G 8 Geeto 8-10 Locals 8-15 News G 8-30 Apni Farmaish 9 News E 9-15 As in Ahmedabad 9-30 N. G. Ghanekar (Bageshree).

AHMEDABAD
326.1 m (920 kcjs)

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda 8 News E 8-15 As in Baroda 8-30 Hrushikesh Pathak (Khayal Gayan) 8-45 News G 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6 News E 6-10 As in Baroda 6-20 Sundaram-krut Geeto 6-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7 Dayaramni Garbio 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 Rakhe Bhulta 7-45 Ramatna Medanman G 8 Rambhau More (Tabla) 8-10 Locals 8-15 News G 8-30 Hrushikesh Pathak (Khayal Gayan) 8-45 Garba selected from Gujarati Raat Sahitya 9 News E 9-15 "Gulab Ane Mogara" 9-30 As in Baroda.



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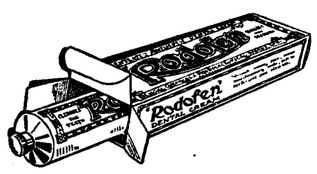
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The Bombay Chronicle

AUSTERITY IN EDUCATION

It is regrettable that a twenty-five per cent cut is necessary in Education but, as Maulana Abul Kalam Azad the Education Minister put it, "the over-riding necessity of putting the country's finances on a sound basis has left no option". Nothing could carry more conviction on the Government of India's determination to effect economies than the cuts accepted in the Education Ministry, affecting as they do a number of educational schemes and projects. It is evident that in effecting the cuts there has been a bias towards developing technological studies. This is inevitable because of the over-emphasis on general education in the past and the present need for technical studies. But what will be regretted is the cut that has had to be done in the provision for training teachers. As things stand today, we suffer from a dearth of trained teachers. What is more, whilst adult franchise makes mass education very necessary and everything that can be done towards its spread essential, the new emphasis on Hindi and the feeling that all effort should be concentrated on shortening as far as possible the fifteen years transition with English, throw an additional burden on the task of training teachers. Many excellent teachers have to be re-conditioned as it were to perform their function in Hindi; and it is not by any means an easy task. The alternative to allotting funds for this purpose is to accept as inevitable the fifteen years transition and to get along with English, leaving the propagation of Hindi to the efforts of Hindi volunteers. But we seem disposed to eat the cake and have it.

At his press conference, the Education Minister dwelt on the importance of developing and cultivating taste. There are numerous ways of doing this in social life and we have no doubt that there is already a great incentive to the people to introduce a little art into otherwise humdrum lives. But at the moment the necessity, as Pandit Jawaharlal observed in another context, is to get rid of ostentation and display and to develop a taste for the simple things. Here education will be a great force. Nevertheless, it should not be forgotten that Gandhiji's influence was very successful in eradicating vulgarity and showiness from public and private life. Our national leaders can do much to carry the message further by personal example, which will do much more than the schools.

In the realm of physical education, much more needs to be done than in almost any other field. We should like to see our Governments taking a much more live interest in this as it is so vital to the health and development of the nation. Maulana Azad declared that for the present efforts are limited to help volunteer organisations, with financial assistance. The inability to undertake a more direct participation ought not to deter Government from exercising the powers of control, supervision and guidance that is so essential for this kind of work. And the scout movement can be usefully harnessed to the task of advancing physical education.

We are now compelled to cut our coat according to our cloth. The necessity should be a spur to our inventiveness and we must turn every effort to the great work of making do with less than had been hoped for and planned for. It is a work in which everyone is vitally interested. It has often been said that the needs of India's education are so great that much reliance will have to be placed on volunteer effort. In fact, Independence ought to give a fillip to the spirit that has in the past expressed itself in various educational societies built on voluntary sacrifice. And to such societies the Government, we are sure, will extend all assistance.

Britain's Democracy

A serious situation for the United Nations Organisation has been provoked by the joint move of Britain, France and Belgium who have formed a united front against the U.N. Trusteeship Committee's decision to establish for three years a Special Committee of eight members to screen information from non-self-governing territories. They have refused to serve on the Committee or otherwise to recognise or co-operate with, it. The argument is that the U.N. or its Trusteeship Committee has no authority over the non-self-governing territories under the colonial rule of these powers and that they, the colonial powers, possess the—presumably divine—right to govern the colonies as they think fit. The defects —to put it no more strongly—of imperialism and colonial rule or rather colonial exploitation, have been by now well exposed and acknowledged, even if grudgingly, by colonial powers themselves. It is also really no longer an issue that the present condition and future of non-self-governing peoples is a concern of the international world. By going contrary to all this Britain, France and Belgium have exposed themselves as guilty of an outrage against democratic principles which they lead in professing. Their move in boycotting the Special Committee has failed in one respect; it has not stopped the Trusteeship Committee from constituting the Special Committee. But it is not the end. In fact, it is the beginning of a conflict, which will put on their trial both parties, the United Nations which has obligations to subject peoples and Britain and France, which claim to lead in the sacred cause of promoting democracy and rights of nations and individuals.

U. N. And South Africa

The United Nations General Assembly has, it is very gratifying to note, risen to the demands of its obligations in respect of South-West Africa. It has decided by a resolution, sponsored by India, to ask South Africa to resume submission of reports on South-West Africa to the United Nations. South Africa had, after a time announced that it was discontinuing the submission of such reports to the United Nations. The reasons were two. The reports, enabling U.N. Committees critically to examine the situation, tended to expose the misrule of White South Africans in South-West Africa. The second reason was that White South Africa desired, as openly proclaimed by its leaders, to establish its own unilateral, exclusive sovereignty unchallenged by the United Nations. This was an open defiance of the authority and responsibility of the United Nations The challenge has been taken up in so far as the United Nations Assembly has called upon White South Africa to recognise the authority of the United Nations and to act accordingly. But this is only the preliminary round of a conflict in which White South Africa, supported by interested colonial powers, is not going to submit easily to U.N. discipline. White South Africa is certain to ignore this resolution, which will sharpen the challenge to the United Nations Any weakening now on the part of the United Nations would morally destroy the organisation. Nor, we may be sure, will White South Africa accept the reference to, or the authority of, the International Court of Justice on the issue of South-West Africa. That defiance will further emphasise the seriousness of the challenge to the United Nations.

Thought For The Day

The firm without pliancy and the pliant, without firmness, resemble vessels without water, and water without vessels.

—LAVATER.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Addressing the constabulary after the parade, Raja Maharaj Singh reminded them that they and the people were of the same country, of the same descent and spoke the same language. As such they should so serve the people that the latter would acclaim their services instead of complaining of police excesses.....

Some striking employees of the household department of the Baroda Maharaja who began to shout slogans while the parade was on were arrested and removed in a police lorry.

—Baroda Report.

★ ★ ★

The General Council of the United Socialist Organisation—yes, yes that's that's the name—which has been meeting at Calcutta under the presidentship of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, has called upon the people to assert their fundamental rights of citizenship and civil liberties and hold country wide meetings and demonstrations to condemn all these "anti-democratic laws"

Until, of course, Sarat Babu himself comes to power.

★ ★ ★

Hyderabad (Dn.) reports say that talks for a rapprochement between the two groups in the Hyderabad State Congress have foundered on the issue of the nomination of a common candidate for the presidentship of the organisation.

This deadlock now almost leads one to suggest "Police Action" to make the State Congress set its house in order.

★ ★ ★

Dr. Jagannathan Andre, a former French India Minister and Mayor of Pondicherry says in a statement that the merger of French Indian settlements with India is the only solution for all the difficulties now being experienced and that only thus can the long standing good relations and friendship be maintained with France.

Well, where patriotic obligations and national self-respect fail, let us hope, economic compulsion succeeds.

★ ★ ★

According to a New Delhi report, it is expected that Shaikh Abdullah will visit Turkey and Egypt on his return journey from Lake Success.

Loud shrieks of protest from Lahore and Karachi.

★ ★ ★

KARACHI: Conclusion of bilateral trade pacts between Muslim countries is one of several proposals in an important report adopted here last night by a plenary session of the Islamic Economic Conference.

So that's the most important result of the multi-lateral Islamic Economic Conference. Splendid.

★ ★ ★

Flushing Meadows; December 6: The United Nations General Assembly today decided to ask South Africa to resume submission of reports on South-West Africa to the United Nations.

The suggestion, however, is not quite correct that the U. N. General Assembly is already collecting a mound of sand for the inevitable eventuality.

★ ★ ★

The General Assembly has also decided to ask the International Court of Justice to rule on South Africa's obligation on South West Africa.

See above.

★ ★ ★

Teheran: The deadline by which Iraqis who are being expelled from Persia must leave the country has been extended by two, three or even four months, a high official here disclosed in an interview.

But then that means there is still some possibility of Iraq and Iran not quarrelling, doesn't it?

THE TRIUMPH OF NEHRU

By J. J. Singh

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, when in the United States, not only mixed with the politicians, intellectuals and businessmen of the land but won the hearts of the common people by going out his way to meet them. Here the author describes how Pandit Jawaharlal's magnetic personality has left behind an enduring impression.

SOMEHOW a word had got around when, Pandit Nehru was in the United States, that he has a "finicky" appetite. One of the editors of a New York magazine asked its correspondent to watch for that. One reporter sent this back from Knoxville, Tennessee: "Frank Kogs ,Manager of the Anchorage where Nehru had lunch, reported that Nehru 'cleaned his plate' had five pats of butter, tasted three types of salad dressing, ate his ice cream and sampled caviar crackers placed in front of him. He ate swiftly, with his shoulders slightly hunched over the table and kept a running conversation. He was never still. His small delicate hands flitted like birds from saltshaker to place-cards, and several times he nervously placed the card tepee-like atop the saltshaker."

Another one reported that at the farmer's house near Chicago where Nehru had lunch, "He took a second helping of country-style chicken, enjoyed the mashed potatoes and gravy, creamed peas, buttered corn, carrots, celery and olives, then ended up with apple salad and apple pie and American cheese."

A story is being told in Washington that at the first two or three dinners, Nehru was served chicken all the time. Being an artist in every sense of the word, he was annoyed with the lack of variety in the food which was being served to him. This was reported to Loy W. Henderson, U. S. Ambassador to India, who was here all through Nehru's stay. Henderson is reported to have said, "That is all my fault. I thought Mr. Nehru did not eat any other kind of meat." He was informed that Nehru did not eat beef or pork. From then on, the word was passed around and other varieties of meat were served to him.

FLYING HAZARDS

Nehru covered this country by plane. He mostly travelled in the U. S. Air Force 4-motor Constellation. Only once he had to change his plans and take a train because of bad weather. That was from Washington to White Sulphur Springs. Only once was there any kind of a "flying hazard." That was over the airport in Knoxville where the big Constellation was kept aloft for 50 minutes after time of scheduled landing because of rain and fog. Twice the pilot made unsuccessful passes at the runway in an attempted insturment landing, twice he had to turn away. On the third try, however, the plane made a rather steep and slightly hazardous landing.

WITH FARMERS

Nehru greatly impressed the farmers when he visited the three farms near Chicago—one operated on a share-crop basis, another leased out to a tenant and a third owned and operated by one man. In each case, he inspected the farms from top to bottom, even looking over the furnaces, kitchens and barns. Such keen interest delighted the farmers. Also, such acts as ringing the big out-door dinner bell signing the family Bible of Blen Peterson, the share-cropper, and being photographed with his arm around Peterson's six-year old daughter Carol Ann, pleased them no end. They were all impressed by Nehru's politeness. One little farm girl said, "I never expected to walk along with such a celebrity. Why, he's nothing like those movie stars in the Chicago theaters.. There, you're lucky if they will even look at you.'

They all agreed that the Chicago Sun-Times editorial was correct when it said, "In many ways, Nehru is the nearest thing this generation has to a Thomas Jefferson in his way of giving voice to the universal aspirations for freedom of people everywhere....."

Greenbrier Hotel, at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia, is one of the show places of this nation. It is magnificently decorated. I was there this summer. There are 602 rooms and not one is furnished like the other.

Louis Johnson, the Secretary of Defence, has been a great admirer of Nehru ever since the Cripps Mission days of 1942 when Johnson was in India as the personal envoy of President Rosevelt. Louis Johnson has been a friend of India for all these years. He is a member of the National Advisory Board of the India League. Johnson invited 168 guests, top ranking business and financial heads, to be his weekend guests at Greenbrier to meet Nehru.

THE HUMBLE MAN

On the first day of their arrival at the Greenbrier, Johnson took Nehru to Hot Springs, 40 miles away, to speak before the National Business Advisory Council. Just as they were entering the car, Johnson indicated the rear seat on the right side and said to Nehru, "For you, your Excellency." Nehru grinned and looked Johnson in the eye and said, "My goodness, do we have to carry protocol that far?"

Most of that part of the country is dotted with historic spots of the American Civil War between the North and the South. Nehru surprised everyone else in the car by having a better knowledge of the battles fought in Virginia and West Virginia than anyone else present.

At the lunch at the Homestead Hotel in Hot Springs and the dinner that night at the Greenbrier Hotel, Johnson was visibly emotional. Johnson, introducing Nehru to the audience, with deep affection, said, "Here is a man of rare truth. I ask you to drink a toast, not to the Prime Minister of India, but to Jawaharlal, the humble man." The distinguished gathering of millionaires and tycoons of finance and industry in this country, reverently stood up and drank the toast.

Nehru endeared himself to the lunch and dinner audiences by making such simple and honest statements: "It would be easy for you to make a list of our sins. It would be a long one. If you see the good, it will be a long list too. I have found Americans very emotional and sentimental and being myself that way, there has been a mutual response."

The Greenbrier Hotel was full of guests. A reporter, watching the Nehru plane leave for San Francisco, ended his story by saying, "Greenbrier Hotel is jammed with a record 960 guests, but it seems empty now."

IN SAN FRANCISCO

One of the ranking hostesses of San-Francisco, Mrs. Frances Diehl, entertained Nehru at dinner. The dinner was held in her own penthouse, 18 stories high, with wide windows and a terrace giving a magnificent view of the San Francisco Bay.

After dinner, Mrs. Diehl served her specialty, flaming coffee diabolo, which has a lot of brandy in it. A teetotaler father-in-law of Mrs. Diehl once told her that he would drink that coffee because all the alcohol had been burned out of it. She told this story to Nehru who said. "In that case, I will have some too."

In New York, in San Francisco, and in other places too, there has been some criticism about the length of Nehru's public speeches. The political sophisticates thought that the speeches

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Costly Counsel

The reply of Sardar Patel in the Indian Parliament that the cost of the Gandhi Murder Trial came to Rs. 9,64,338 has an intriguing sidelight. The Sardar revealed that of this, Rs. 3,86,230 was given to the principal lawyer in charge of the case, while his two assistants received Rs. 2,39,713. Evidently the Government of India wanted to engage the best counsel in a case which was of national importance, and what Mr. Daphtary has charged might be only his normal fees, if not a concession rate What is interesting, however, is the fact, that the Special Judge who heard the case got only Rs. 26,437 It is not clear whether this is in addition to the salary which he might have been receiving as an ordinary judge before he was assigned the special job. Even then, it is a small amount in comparison. All this only shows that it is not the emolument which one receives which decides one's status, but only the office he occupies. The Ministers in the Centre and the Provinces sometimes receive lesser salaries than their subordinates, while the heads of many business houses make many times the amount which the head of the state in India receives as salary. This should, however, be a warning to the litigation-inclined public. The cost of living might have gone up by 400 per cent as far as essential things are concerned, but lawyers' fees seem to have increased by astronomical proportions

Another Chance

The decision of the British Government Committee on Films not to interfere with the two companies which have a monopoly of film production in Britain at the moment will give a needed breather to the Rank Organisation which shot into the limelight recently Arthur Rank, who brought to film production new ideas, had ambitious plans and dreamed of supplanting Hollywood pictures which were having a wide appeal in Britain. He imitated Hollywood in spectacularly lavish expenditure. He acquired interests in exhibition houses so that his films might have the first priority. But recent reports indicated that all was not going according to plan and there were loud criticisms that his film empire was built on filmy foundations. Except for Hamlet and one or two other pictures, the others did not turn out to be the money-spinners they were expected to be, and there were fears that Rank Studios might have to cut down production appreciably to survive the crisis that threatened them, and thus expose the British public to unchecked exploitation by American film magnates. Evidently, the Government feels that another chance should be given to Rank, and their decision to cut the entertainment tax and fill the deficit by a custom tariff on imported films is intended to help the Rank Organisation through its difficulties. It is doubtful, however, whether this spoon-feeding will help in the improvement of the quality of British films

Not Quite Technical Only

Mr. Fazal Rahimtoola has emerged creditably out of the chaos that brought the A.B.C Bank to public attention Mr. Justice Tendolkar before whom the petition of Mr Fazal was presented has said that Mr Fazal Rahimtoola had "on the whole acted quite honestly and reasonably" It is a state with which one might feel gratified But there is one question which still remains. How could Mr. Rahimtoola be appointed Sheriff of Bombay, or rather nominated for the appointment since he will assume office only in the third week of December, when the affairs of the Associated Banking Corporation Limited were hanging over him? It is true that the whole business has been cleared so far as Mr. Rahimtoola is concerned but the settlement has occurred after the announcement that Mr Fazal will be Sheriff, though before he assumed office. There is nothing against Mr. Rahimtoola but it is unorthodox to make an appointment in these circumstances. The objection is not a mere indulging in technicality.

Banganga

Hemmed in on all sides by buildings there is an ancient temple and a tank, with steps round it, on the Malabar Hill It comes as a pleasant surprise when one comes across it suddenly though one wishes the tank water was not so sickeningly green and the temple less dilapidated. It is a pretty spot to delight an artist's heart. The myth has it that it was Shri Rama's arrow that struck the water Unfortunately, the tank has gained some notoriety because many have chosen it as a means to another world by suicide and a few children have drowned in it The trustees were asked to take preventive measures or to fill up the tank and turn it into a park, or a swimming pool. As there was no response the Municipal Corporation has decided to fill up the tank and turn it into a park This seems to be the wrong way to treat a relic of the past which should not only be preserved but restored to its ancient glory Bombay has very few links with the past and they should be zealously guarded. Instead of spending money in filling up the tank and raising a park there, when the Hanging Gardens are within a stone's throw, the Municipality should spend a fraction of that money in restoring the temple building, cleaning up the tank and providing guards to discourage suicides and rescue children who fall in accidentally.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Socialist Rejoinder

Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai in his reply says that he has not asked the Government to refuse adjudication to the workers of Indian Wire Products at Jamshetpur But his predelictions under such circumstances are quite apparent. Given his anti-strike bias, the punitive policy of denying adjudication to striking workers would follow as a logical corollery He forgets, however, that in our country the workers are far away from the living wage standard and every delay in its attainment constitutes an indictment of the Government.

It is mischievous for Mr. Abid Ali to suggest that there is, or could ever be, any Capitalist-Socialist "entente" Such a proposition is a travesty of the very nature of things.

As for Mr. Abid Ali, why, has he been obliged to quit every Trade Union he was connected with in Bombay? Mr. Abid Ali should let fact speak and not freely draw on his over-wrought imagination.

As for the "Strike of Capital", pursuant to which mills and factories are closed down, the same is directed against the dumb consumers and also against the Government to win petty concessions at a time of the much advertised economic crisis. These closures have nothing whatever to do with the level of wages which, as admitted by the Pay Commission itself, do not rise above the poverty line Be that as it may, none will forget that it was the Socialist Party which condemned the striking captains of industry.

Was not Mr. Abid Ali a passive, if not sympathetic, spectator of these tragic happenings in this country? How does it now behove him to criticise the Socialist Party when it rises in defence of the inalienable rights of the Working man?

As for Mr. Abid Ali's right to tender advice to the Government, what I objected to was his rushing in to make statements calculated to prejudice the cause of labour in the eyes of the Government and the public I condemn such undemocratic behaviour in a man who claims to be a trade unionist

—ADAM ADIL

Bombay Government And Scouting

It is indeed a matter of regret that the Government of Bombay has refused to give the Cooperage Maidan for the Bombay Provincial Boy Scouts' Rally which is to be held on 17th December 1949. This is the only occasion when the Scouts from the Bombay Presidency gather together and show the public the importance of the Scout Movement by displays and impress upon them that scouting is the only movement for youngsters to make them good citizens of India. Such rallies are held year, when the public are admitted free to see for themselves what scouting can do. On this occasion every corner of the Maidan is occupied, which shows how much interest the public takes in scouting. Mr. Kher, the Prime Minister of Bombay, has himself praised scouting and appealed to parents to make their sons scouts. So I am at a loss to understand the refusal of the Cooperage Maidan for the Scout Rally. I fear that there is some misunderstanding. Looking to the number of scouts who come from the whole of Bombay Presidency and the interested public in general who are anxious to see the scout-show once in a year I think the Cooperage-Maidan is the most suitable place for such a show. I hope that the Bombay Government will reconsider their decision and grant permission to the Bombay Provincial Boy Scouts' Association to use the Cooperage Maidan for the coming Provincial Boy Scouts' Rally to be held on 17th December 1949.

—SHAVAKSHA N. GAZDAR

Bhayandar Grievance

In regard to the letter by Mr. B. A. Noronha appearing in your issue of 20th November, 1949 the work in connection with the provision of a proper station shed and latrine is already in hand and they are expected to be completed by March next. The question of fixing up a clock will be considered after the shed is ready for use. It is not considered necessary to provide a train indicator as wall time tables will serve the purpose.

The provision of roofing over the foot overbridge is not under contemplation at present.

—B. L. KAPUR,
Joint Public Relations Officer.

Hyderabad Currency

It is high time that the Government of India introduced Indian currency in the Nizam's Dominions. With the accession of Hyderabad-Deccan to the Indian Union, the only hurdle to the abolition and withdrawal of Osmani Sicca, has been overcome. The history of Halli Sicca makes a very amusing reading Dr. Bradley who investigated the economic conditions of certain districts of the Nizam's territories, in the forties of the last century, realised that rural indebtedness and instability of price-levels could not be removed, without standardisation and rationalisation of currency The Babel of Osmani currency can just be guessed from the fact that Meadows Taylor, a State Deputy Commissioner, found no less than fourteen kinds of rupees current at Naldrug as petty chiefs also enjoyed the right of coining their own money It is unfortunate that in the fifties of the last century, the Nizam spurned the offer of the British Government to have a standard coin, both for British India and the Nizam's Dominions, the coin meant for circulation in that State to bear the Nizam's effigy. In view of the new political set-up, and the consolidation of administration, this last vestige of feudal monarchy, should be removed as early as possible, and Indian currency introduced forthwith.

—DR. GOBINDSINGH

Goa Front

After feverish activities on the Goa front all seems to be quiet. Dr Lohia and the Socialist are not heard of; the National Congress of Goa has obviously exhausted itself through internal power politics and wrangling for leadership amongst rival groups. An occasional Goan Political Conference followed by a period of inactivity is all the political activity of the present Goan leadership

The Portuguese in the meantime are consolidating their rule in Goa and are spending large sums of money for an anti-Indian propaganda amongst the ignorant Goan masses who are told that Goa must be saved from 'Congress Hindu Rule' and the predominant culture being Christian, Goa should demand an autonomous status within the Portuguese Dominion. Certain Konkani papers in Bombay are being subsidised to carry on this propaganda and the Goan Association has become the centre of Portuguese activity

Economically, politically and culturally the future of the Goan people lies with India For centuries the Goan has migrated to the Indian cities in search of a living And the economic structure of the Portuguese 'Estado de India' would collapse tomorrow if not for the remuneration coming from emigrant Goans. The Goans must not fall into the trap of siding with the Portuguese Fascists The Goan fight for freedom is but a part of the wider struggle for democracy in India The hope of Goa lies with the youth who must take the leadership of bringing freedom and democracy to Goa — once beautiful and prosperous

—TEREZO PEREIRA

Statues

Recently the opening ceremony of one more statue of late Mr. Adenwalla was performed by the Governor of Bombay. The city has already got many statues of popular figures and in my opinion it does not want any more statues.

It is an unnecessary wastage of public funds which can better be utilised in some other way. Each statue in our city has cost about Rs 10,000/- to Rs. 15,000/-.

The public funds could be better spent on work houses for beggars, leper homes, scholarships for poor students, opening of free reading rooms and libraries and more free dispensaries in the city and suburbs.

—C. A. CHANDIRAMANI

Pen Friends

I am 16 years of age, and would like to have pen pals in India. I would exchange stamps of British Guiana for that of India. I can read and write only in English.

—LACHHMAN SINGH,
401 B, Dakama Circle,
Mackenzie,
Demerara,
British Gui.,
SOUTH AMERICA.

"LITTLE ASSEMBLY" TO STUDY CHINA'S COMPLAINT

LAKE SUCCESS, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter)

THE United Nations Political Committee yesterday decided to send Nationalist China's complaint against the Soviet Union to the "Little Assembly" for further study. The Interim Committee (Little Assembly) is a permanent body which the Soviet Bloc has boycotted from the start.

The decision was taken by a vote of 23 in favour, 19 against and 14 abstentions

The Chinese complaint alleged that Russia had violated her treaty with China and intervened in her internal affairs by aiding Chinese Communists.

A second amendment, submitted by the Philippines, asked the General Assembly to authorise the Interim Committee to examine any violation of the principles contained in the joint resolution proposed by Australia, Mexico, Pakistan, the Philippines and the United States.

The resolution among other provisions, called on all nations to respect the territorial integrity of China.

Mr. Philip Jessup (United States) said the Philippines amendment provided a link between the five-nation resolution and the proposal submitted by the three Latin American countries.

The amendment would show the relationship between the general principles that would guide nations in regard to their policy with China, and the matter which the Little Assembly has to study in a concrete manner.

Dr. T. F. Tsiang (China) opposing the Philippines amendment, declared that if it were adopted it would have the effect of not permitting the Chinese charges against Russia to be studied by the Interim Committee It would only permit the Committee to study violations of the principles contained in the five nation resolution

FIVE NATION RESOLUTION

The Committee endorsed the "hands off China" proposal embodied in a joint resolution by five countries This called on United Nations members:

One. To respect the political independence of China.

Two. To respect the right of the people of China to choose their political institutions freely and to maintain a Government independent of foreign control.

Three To respect existing treaties with China.

Four. To refrain from trying to establish spheres of influence or re-create foreign controlled regimes in China.

Voting on this resolution was 47 in favour, the five Soviet countries against and five abstentions.

INDIA SEEKING TO ANNEX KASHMIR!

Pakistan's Charge In United Nations

OLD HISTORY DUG UP

FLUSHING MEADOWS, Dec. 6 (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan today charged before the United Nations that India was seeking to annex Kashmir without giving the inhabitants an opportunity to voice their wishes by a plebiscite.

Mr. Ziaud Din of Pakistan, made this charge during a General Assembly debate on the report of the International Law Commission.

The Pakistan Delegate alleged that the "richly gifted and much-oppressed people of the fair and beautiful land of Kashmir have already once been sold as chattles to the tyrannical rule of a petty feudal chieftain who was later installed as the Maharaja of Kashmir by the then British Government in India for a sum of £100,000 sterling by the Treaty of Amritsar, 100 years ago.

"Are they again to be transferred to another sovereignty without being given an opportunity to voice their political wishes in a plebiscite?" he asked.

"The United Nations he warned cannot afford to ignore the settlement proposed for the solution of the Kashmir dispute without setting in motion a chain of events which may prove calamitous for the peace of Asia and the world".

CHOUDHURI REPLIES

Mr. Sachin Choudhuri, of India, protested against discussing the Kashmir question during the present Assembly debate as it was scheduled for Security Council consideration in a few days".

Mr. Choudhuri said, "India yields to no one in our loyalty to the United Nations, the United Nations Charter and the principles for which it stands. We have voluntarily put this dispute before the United Nations", he said, "with full confidence of the people of Kashmir. When my friend from Pakistan prays for a rightful solution we are absolutely at one with him"

Reference to the Amritsar Treaty was "irrelevant and very far away", he said. Discussion of it now would serve no useful purpose.

"It is idle to go into the question of how Great Britain sold Kashmir for a certain number of rupees. We are living today, the problems are today and we are seeking a solution for today's problems".

The Pakistan delegate for India and Pakistan resolutions United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan resolutions of August 13, 1948 and January 5, 1949, pledged the word the honour and the good faith of the United Nations before the world that the people of Kashmir shall be guaranteed their right to decide their political destiny on the basis of the principle of self-determination as implemented through the medium of a fair, free and impartial plebiscite to be held under the aegis of the United Nations.

"Both Pakistan and India, protagonists to Kashmir have declared their unreserved acceptance of both these resolutions. If one of the parties now seems to go back on its pledged word and to evade its solemn commitments motivated with designs of imposing its domination by means of force and conquest over the people of Kashmir, will the United Nations remain passive and immobile to a repudiation of solemn agreements and a violation of the right of self-determination in contempt of the provisions of the Charter?"

The Pakistan delegate said it was "of paramount importance" for the United Nations to proclaim a declaration of the rights and duties of States.

The 14-article draft declaration comprising rights and duties of states, drawn up by the International Law Commission was a "notable and substantial contribution towards the progressive development of international law and its codification", he said.

The Commission of the principle of self-determination "of paramount importance for the maintenance of friendly relations took away from the significance of the document", he said.

The United Nations, using the preamble of its Charter had already sought to implement this principle in the territorial settlements proposed for resolving disputes in Libya, Somaliland, Palestine and Kashmir, Mr. Ziauddin pointed out.

Stop Press

U.N. VOTE

LAKE SUCCESS, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).—The United Nations Special Political Committee today voted by 35 in favour, thirteen against and eighteen abstentions to place Jerusalem under an international regime governed by the United Nations.

DACOITY AT TATA PLANT

JAMSHEDPUR, Dec. 7 (UPI).—A daring dacoity was committed at the Tata plant this morning when three persons dressed as Punjabis entered the barmill check house and at the point of daggers snatched away from the cash clerk Rs. 8,600. One sepoy who attempted to apprehend one of the miscreants was severely assaulted. One Karnail Singh was arrested while running away on a cycle by two Tata sepoys. One Bansi Singh, an employee of the tin plate was also arrested later in this connection.

AUSTRALIANS WIN BY AN INNINGS

WELLINGTON (Cape Province), Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter): Australia's touring cricketers beat Western Province Country Districts here today by an innings and 54 runs to register their sixth success in eight games since the tour opened. The two other matches were drawn.

PACIFIST MEETING

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 7, (PTI): Today's session of the World Pacifist Meeting heard with deep interest the reports from two delegates, followers of Gandhiji, who came to Santiniketan from East Pakistan. The first Sri Satindranath Sen, reminded the conference that communal violence had followed the division of the country and economic problems due to such steps as currency devaluation in India and non-devaluation in Pakistan had caused virtual deadlock to paralyse East and West Bengal. About two million Hindus were refugees in West Bengal, he said. The delegate made it clear that Gandhiji's ideals do not prevail in Pakistan, but insisted that if India and Pakistan can subordinate their differences they may yet make a joint contribution to world peace.

Sri Jitendra Nath Kusari told the conference that both delegates had worked in their present districts since 1921, but now felt they were groping in darkness. As Pakistan citizens they tried to help their Government and workers in villages. But when the Congress leaders from East Bengal and many other middle-class people moved to India they left the remaining Hindus and Muslims destitute. In spite of these difficulties, he added, 'we are determined to stay there' as honest citizens of Pakistan.

Prof. H. I. Hassan of Cairo University told the conference here last night that an Islamic union would only stir dissions between Hindus and Muslims and between Muslims and Christians". The Christians who constituted nineteen per cent of the population in his country had no quarrel with the Muslims, he said, adding that he considered the Muslims in India as well treated by the majority.

Rev. Scott For India

LONDON, Dec. 7 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Rev. Michael Scott, who addressed the United Nations Trusteeship Committee on behalf of tribesmen of South-West Africa, will sail from New York for London on Saturday.

He will leave on December 17 to attend the World Pacifists Conference in India.

RAJEN BABU AT WARDHA

Will Take Part In Pacifists' Meeting

NAGPUR, Dec. 7 (PTI).—Dr. Rajendra Prasad arrived here this noon from Delhi by air and later left for Wardha by car. He proposes to take rest at Wardha till the end of this month for reasons of health. Dr. Prasad will take part in the Sevagram meeting of the Pacifists workers from Dec. 24 to Dec. 31.

The Conference of representatives of various provinces, which will meet at Nagpur on Jan. 4 to examine the feasibility of adopting Hindi as state language for administrative pur-

Dr. S. Parchure Arrested

GWALIOR, Dec. 7 (PTI): Dr. Sadashiv Parchure who figured as an accused in the Gandhi Murder Case was arrested today at Paniharij, 11 miles from here.

Dr. Parchure was on his way to Gwalior from Shivpuri to address a meeting organised by Hindu Mahasabhaites.

Dr. Parchure's entry into Gwalior District is banned by an order of the District Magistrate.

The U.P.I. adds: Police intervention prevented a clash between supporters of Hindu Mahasabha and Socialist workers when the former attempted to take out a procession in honour of Dr. Parchure. The Socialist Party had planned a counter-demonstration with black flags.

Supporters of the Sabha demonstrated in front of the premises of the Motimahal Secretariat protesting against the police action in arresting Dr. Parchure and demanded his release.

Rome Peasant-Squatters Quit From Land

ROME, Dec. 7 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Italian peasant "rebels" bowed to police orders today and began a large-scale retreat from thousands of acres of land which they had seized in the Rome province in the past five days.

Only a few ignored the orders of the armed police riot squads posted all over the provinces to "get off the land".

The majority of the peasants and their leaders accepted orders to abandon their efforts to cultivate the seized land pending decisions from the land commissions hastily set-up to consider claims to the uncultivated acres.

MUSLIM M. L. A.S NOT TO RESIGN

7-Man Executive Body Of Opposition Set Up

POONA, Dec. 7, (PTI): Mr. A. A. Khan, Leader of the Fourth Party in Bombay Legislative Assembly said today that the question of any of the members of his party from Karnatak resigning on the issue of the Karnataka Province did not arise.

Mr. Khan was commenting on reports that five members of his party had agreed to resign if permitted by the leader of the Party.

He said that his Party had throughout supported the claims of Maharashtra and Karnataka for separate linguistic provinces and as such there was no need for any member of his party to resign on this issue now.

He advised the Karnataka members not to vacate their seats in the legislatures but to join the Opposition and carry on the struggle for the achievement of their objective within the legislatures.

Mr. Khan also announced the formation of a seven-member Executive Committee of Opposition members in Bombay Legislative Assembly with a view to deciding on an agreed policy regarding the daily proceeding of the Assembly.

Mysore Says No Merger With Karnatak

BANGALORE, Dec. 7 (P.T.I.): Twenty-four prominent persons who are either members of the Mysore Legislature or the State Constituent Assembly have sent a telegram to the Government of India urging that there should be no merger of Mysore with Karnatak without a plebiscite and that "the Central Government should not yield to a few agitators."

Among the signatories are some prominent Congressmen.

Konkanis Are Opposed To K. P. C. C. Move

KARWAR, Dec. 7 (PTI).—The President of the Konkani Sangh, Karwar, stated today that he has sent a telegram to Mr. R. M. Prabhu, M.L.A., from Kanara and Parliamentary Secretary, Government of Bombay, stating that the decision taken by the Karnatak members to resign their seats in the legislature was "suicidal" and the Konkani public were "decidedly opposed" to it.

RESOLVING WORLD DISPUTES

Lord Bagge's Appreciation

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (PTI).—Lord Justice Bagge said here today that in furthering the possibilities of settling international disputes of commercial nature, "we not only do a service to the commercial world but also thereby take a step in preparing the minds of people for settling by arbitration differences even as regards other disputes which may be of a still more important nature."

In this way, Lord Justice Bagge said, they were serving also a greater cause—"peaceful relations between the countries of the world."

Lord Justice Bagge who is now here presiding over the Indo-Pakistan Boundary Disputes Tribunal was speaking at a reception given him by the Committee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce.

NATIONAL FLAG PULLED DOWN

Charge Against Policemen

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 7: Report from Gorakhpur says that recently some policemen pulled down the national flag in the village of Mahim. The policemen razed the Gandhi "Chabutra" (raised platform) and uprooted the mango saplings that were planted on Independence Day. The flag has now been rehoisted. The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police visited the village.

Giving his report before the District Congress Committee of Gorakhpur Mr. Achhaibarsingh M.L.A. points out that the land on which the Independence saplings had been planted and the "Chabutra" built and the flag hoisted belonged to a Zamindar and had been occupied without his permission by the Gaon Panchayat. He regretted, this tendency of hoisting flags and building Gandhi "Chabutras" without even saying: "By your leave".

The District Congress Committee, presided by Mr. Shibhanlal Saxena M.L.A., passed a resolution requesting the Government to order an enquiry into the matter. Congressmen are greatly agitated over the incident.

LABOUR MINISTERS TO CONFER IN MYSORE

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, Dec. 6: The All India Labour Ministers Conference will be held in Mysore on Dec. 26 in which seventeen Labour Ministers of Provinces and States are expected to participate.

Nationalist H. Q At Formosa

INDICATIONS FOR CHIANG'S MOVE

HONG KONG, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).

The official seal of the Chinese President's office was today flown here from Communist-threatened Chengtu and transferred to a plane for the Nationalist island-base of Taiwan (Formosa). This move was taken locally to indicate that the Nationalist Government itself would soon follow.

It was also taken as confirmation of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's reported intention of resuming official leadership of the Government, after the departure of Acting President Li Tsung-Jen, now in the United States.

TRADE RESUMPTION

Trade on a restricted basis has been resumed on the international railway between Hong Kong and Canton, at a Communist request.

A Hong Kong official said today: "The Communists are realising they cannot do without us and are increasingly prepared to negotiate on friendly terms."

For several days, the Communists have sent empty freight trains into Hong Kong territory to load a consignment of 8,000 tons of coal badly needed for Canton power station.

Acheson Quibbles Still

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).—The Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said today that it was "premature" either to recognise the Communist regime in China or even to consider the possibility of recognition.

Mr. Acheson made his statement at his weekly press conference. A continuous exchange of views with other Governments was in progress, he said.

MERLE COCHRAN'S NEW JOB

First U. S. Ambassador To Indonesia

KARACHI, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).—Radio Pakistan announced last night that Mr. Merle Cochran, United States Ambassador-designate to Pakistan, has been selected as first Ambassador to United States of Indonesia.

It will be recalled that Mr. Cochran played a prominent part as a member of the United Nations Good Office Mission in the Indonesian dispute.

INDONESIA AS U. N. MEMBER SOON

India's Confident Hope

FLUSHING MEADOW, Dec 7 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Benegal Narasing Rau, head of the Indian United Nations delegation, told the General Assembly today that India expressed the "confident hope" that Indonesia would be admitted before long to membership of the United Nations.

Speaking in the Assembly debate on Indonesia, Sir Benegal supported the proposal for Assembly commendation of the Dutch, Indonesian and United Nations Indonesian Commission work in establishing the Republic of Indonesia. The proposal would also officially "welcome" the forthcoming establishment of the new sovereign state.

JOOSTE'S TACTICS FAIL IN U. N.

Romulo Gives A Clear Ruling

FLUSHING MEADOW, Dec. 7 (PTI): The history of the treatment of Indians in South Africa came in for its only—and indirect—reference in the General Assembly debate on South-West Africa when the Union's representative, Mr. G. P. Jooste, asked for application of the two-thirds majority rule to the resolution for referring the South-West Africa question to the International Court of Justice.

Mr. Jooste said he would ask "for the same treatment" to the present question, so far as the legal reference was concerned, as had been given to the question of Indians in South Africa.

After President Romulo had said that a simple majority would suffice for the "legal" resolution, Mr. Jooste said as it was "a matter of importance," a two-thirds majority should be asked for.

The President said, "It is my view that a request to the International Court of Justice for an advisory opinion is a procedural matter and therefore, not subject to the two-thirds majority rule."

Mr. Romulo added that in 1946 there was a proposal to refer the question of Indians in the Union of South Africa to the International Court for an advisory opinion. There was, however, a difference between the two situations.

EXCEPTIONAL DECISION

"The case cited by the representative of South Africa was conceded to be an exceptional decision by the General Assembly reached on the specific understanding—stated in the record—that no precedent was to be established by the application in that particular case of the two-thirds majority rule to a proposal to request an advisory opinion from the International Court of Justice.

"The rule was applied in that case because the proposal to request an advisory opinion was submitted as an amendment to the main proposal submitted by the Committee concerned.

"The adoption of the amendment would, therefore, have prevented the General Assembly from voting on the main proposal which, of course, required a two-thirds majority.

"It was for that reason alone that it was decided that a two-thirds majority was required.

"The case today is different. It concerns a separate resolution, and, therefore only a simple majority is required."

When the President offered to put his ruling to the House, Mr. Jooste said, "I am not challenging the President's ruling."

9 More Arrests For Attempt On Sarawak Chief's Life

SINGAPORE, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).—Nine more people have been arrested in connection with the stabbing last week of Mr. Duncan George Stewart, Governor of Sarawak, messages received here said today. The nine arrests are in addition to those of two youths before a magistrate at Sibu, Sarawak, on Monday with the attempted murder of the Governor.

It was thought probable that two further arrests will be made soon.

Ajanta and Ellora caves will not be open to visitors between December 20 and 26, as certain repairs are being undertaken at these caves.

PM's Order Of The Day To The Services

(Continued From Page 1)

we did, for so much remains undone but let us at least recognise our achievements for they are not inconsiderable.

RUNNING THE STATE

"Every thinking person knows that the running of a modern Government requires the machinery of highly organised, efficient and loyay services. No government can be carried on effectively without them. So it was of importance that our services, faced by new tasks and new objectives should be loyal and efficient and at the same time should breathe th enew air and function in tune with the new set up of democracy. I think the success we have achieved in this is satisfactory.

"But the ultimate test lies in the results that we achieve. How do we measure these results? The only real test is the advancement and wellbeing of the people we serve, as well as, more especially in a democracy, their goodwill. It may be that when times are hard, goodwill may not be forthcoming easily. But loyal and efficient work in a great cause always brings fruit even though it may not be immediately recognised..

RESOURCES

"Ours is a poor country, but it has tremendous resources and potentialities and we want to develop those resources and get rid of the curse of poverty and unemployment. Many of our superior services have been built up in a tradition and in ways derived from a much richer country and thus a kind of barrier grew up between them and the common man We have to break down that barrier and to adopt gradually ways which are more in conformity with conditions prevailing in our country.

"The civil and defence services of a country must be given proper conditions to work in and assurance and security. The labourer is worthy of his hire. A service can only work efficiently if it is a a contented service and has an objective to work for. We have given ample assurances and tried to provide security and contentment. But it must be remembered that true security and contentment can only come from the goodwill of the people whom we serve and who are the ultimate arbiters of our destiny.

"We are passing through a period of economic difficulty and it is necessary that all of us, whatever our station or degree, should share the burden of the day according to our capacity. I am glad that the services have recognised this and in many cases, have themselves offered to share this burden..

AN EXAMPLE

"Our services have to set an example to others not of efficient service but also of high integrity and complete freedom from communal provincial or other bias. There are many disruptive and anti-social forces in this country and, it is often said that the moral fibre of the nation is not what it was. Evil stalks the land in the shape of narrow communalism and oppotunism and blackmarkets and the like have to some extent poisoned our trade and business. It is for the services to fight these evils and they can only do so if they, as individuals, are men and women of character and integrity and selflessness. We have to fight evil, wherever we find it and not succumb to it or be passive and inert spectators of it....

"The Father of the Nation is no more with us, but his message is still with us and we are his children with something of the spark that the he lighted within us. The great work that he started is only half-finished and we have to go ahead without much rest or respite to complete it. In that historic mission we are all comrades and, as soldiers of India, we shall march together and complete the task. Jai Hind."

IMPORT FROM SOFT CURRENCY AREAS

Licensing Changes

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7: In partial modification of the licensing position set forth in the Ministry of Commerce's Public Notice dated September 12, 1949, published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary on the following day, it has been decided that in regard to certain articles for which only Open General Licence No. XV concession licences were to be granted, and also certain articles for which no applications had been invited, fresh applications will now be considered for their import from soft currency countries, subject however to monetary ceilings, quotas or essentiality. A Public Notice to this effect was published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary on November 29, 1949.

Principal among the commodities concerned are: raw manila hemp, certain electrical instruments and accessories, dates, copra, drugs and medicines, chemicals, typewriters and parts, component parts of wireless reception instruments, parts and accessories of motor vehicles and photographic instruments.

Applications will be considered only from actual users and/or established importers. They should be submitted to the appropriate authorities in accordance with the terms and conditions laid down in the Public Notice of September 12, 1949, so as to reach the authorities concerned on or before December 10, 1949. No applications will be considered from new-comers.

SHIPPING FREIGHT TO BOMBAY

British Lines Decide To Suspend Surcharge

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7, (PTI) The British Conference lines have decided to suspend the 25 per cent surcharge imposed on shipping freight to Bombay for a period of 90 days from Dec. 5, it is authoritatively learnt here.

It will be recalled that the American Conference lines took a similar decision recently.

Kostov Pleads Not Guilty

SOFIA, Dec. 7, (PTI-Reuter): Former Bulgarian Vice-Premier Traicho Kostov facing trial for treason and espionage pleaded not guilty to the main charges here today.

He is accused, among other things of spying for Britain, the United States and Yugoslavia. He is liable to the death penalty. Kostov's not guilty pleas surprised the court.

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR

o CALCUTTA, Dec. 7.

The market remained unaltered with regard to the speculative counters while coal and jute shares recorded further advances. Following are todays final transactions upto 3-00 p. m.

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three percent loan 1986 98-3 three percent loan 1953-55 101-14 S lot three percent loan 1957 101-10 S lot three percent loan 1970-75 100-4 S lots.

BANKS: Bengal Central 7-7 Calcutta National 13-13 United Commercial 44-8.

COTTONS: Benares cotton 4-15 New Victoria Ordy. 2-2

COALS: Bengal 526 Burrarkar 12-12 Equitable 45-8 Raneegunge 11 East India 34-4 Katras Jherriah 32 South Karanpura 30-4.

JUTES: Bally 229 Barnagore 225 Belvedere 259 Birla 34-6 Budge Budge 168 Chitavalshah 23 Howrah 88-6 India 155 Kinnison 181-8 National 24 Nuddea 73-8 Presidency 5-13.

ENGINEERINGS: Arthur Butler 13 Indian Iron 29-9 Steel Corp. 21-12 Textile Machinery 7-7.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2-9 Tavoy Tin annas ten Dalmia cement 94-6 5-10 odd lot Sone Valley cement 5-8 Alkali and chemical 9-11 Calcutta electric 15-14 Angelo Bros. 24-9 Bararee Coke 23-8 Bio 8-15 Calcutta Trams 16-6 F and C Osler 5-13 Indian National Airways 3-15 Indian wood products 26-3 Jardine Hendeson 140 Martin Burn 15-6 National insulated cable 8-4 Rohtas industry ordy 5-4 British Burma Petrol 1-6 Midnapore Zeminary 63 Assam saws 8-2.

SUGARS: Belsund 5-1 Buland 14-8 Odd lot Ramnugger cane 12-14.

TEAS: Baghmari 14-6 East India 16-15 Ethelbari 11-2 Jutlibari 11-4 Hattikhira 12-2 Namburnadi 6-1 New Teral 9-5.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (MARCH)

New York, Dec. 7

Previous closing	30.26
To-day's opening	30.25
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	30.34
Difference	+08

LAST QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec. 7

Silver Forward Posh	Rs. 171	7
Gold Forward Posh	Rs. 112	4
Silver Bullion	Rs. 171	0
Silver Mint	Rs. 171	6
Gold Ready	Rs. 114	0
Sovereign	Rs. 76	4
D. BYRAMJI		7-12-49

NEW YORK STOCKS

New York, Dec. 7.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 26 1/8
General Motors dol. 69
United States Steel Common dol. 25 1/2
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

NO DEVALUATION, DEFINITELY

Rahimtoola's Assertion

LONDON, Dec. 7 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, Pakistan's High Commissioner to Britain, said here today that Pakistan's decision not to devalue her rupee was final and irrevocable.

"Pakistan as a member of the Sterling Area wishes to do whatever she can to strengthen its position. In deciding not to devalue her currency she has thus acted both in her own interests and in those of the Sterling Area", he added.

THE TRIUMPH OF NEHRU

(Continued from Page 4)

should have been shorter and each speech should have covered a definite point. In other words, what is being said is that before one audience, Nehru could have talked about the world political situation, as he sees it, at another place emphasis could have been placed on the importance of Asia vis-a-vis a democratic world order. At another place, about commercial and financial aspects of India, and so on.

But I have found quite a few defenders, even among the political sophisticates, of Nehru's long speeches. Typical is the explanation of Barbara Herbert, an artist in San Francisco, who said,

"It was a manifestation of kindness. Nehru feels he must explain in complete detail why he is doing this or that. It is also an example of his regard for others. He thinks highly enough of his audience to believe that they want to know the facts, and, that given the facts, they will understand him."

In a talk in New York where a few Asia-conscious and friendly persons were criticising the length of Nehru's talk at the India League dinner, Norman Thomas, the leader of the Socialists in this country, and a grand old man, told the group: "Can anyone tell me if there is another political leader in this world who has guts to get up and speak for an hour extemporaneously without notes or anything, and not care a damn what says? I admire him for that."

AT THE THEATER

After seeing the performance, "Lost in the Stars," Nehru went backstage and the huge cast of the show—mostly Negroes—stood in a semi-circle and gave a loud aplause when he appeared. Nehru looked somewhat embarrassed and said, "It's reversing things. I am the one who should applaud you." Then he turned towards Todd Duncan, one of the outstanding Negro actors and who has a lead in the show and said, "It was a magnificent performance, so moving it exhausted me." Again the whole cast cheered him loudly.

The next night Nehru went to see "South Pacific", the most popular musical comedy in New York. It is almost impossible to get tickets for this show. In the black market, tickets for this show have been sold for as high as Rs. 300. After the show, Oscar Hammerstein, one of the producers and who arranged for the tickets for the Nehru party, took him backstage and introduced Mary Martin and Ezio Pinza, the leads in the show. After Nehru left, both Mary Martin and Ezio Pinza continued to enthuse for hours. Mary Martin said, "I feel as though he were a saint. Did you see those eyes? I noticed them from the stage." Pinza groped for the word and came up with, "I feel as though I have met the Messiah. That's what he is—not a saint—but the Messiah. Those eyes! That face! This has been a great thrill and an honour to play before one of the world's greatest men."

JOHN DEWEY DINNER

The 90th birthday of the great philosopher John Dewey was celebrated at a public dinner the same night that a dinner was being given in honour of Nehru. I suggested to the Prime Minister that, if possible, he should drop in at the John Dewey dinner where the leading philosophers, intellectuals, educationists, and labour leaders were gathered. Nehru agreed to do so. Unfortunately, Nehru's dinner dragged on and meanwhile the John Dewey dinner ended. I announced to the audience that Nehru had promised to come and would definitely come. 1,100 guests waited for him and gave him a rousing reception when at last he arrived. Nehru paid tribute to John Dewey and said how much his writings had been of solace to him and he considered it a great honour to be present at this celebration to pay personal homage to this great man. This beautiful gesture on the part of Nehru was highly appreciated by the hundreds of liberals and progressives present at the dinner Mr Harry W. Laidler, Executive Director of the League for Industrial Democracy, and chairman of the dinner, wrote to me later and said that Nehru's presence at the John Dewey dinner immeasurably increased the good will among those present towards Nehru and "toward the new emerging India."

FAREWELL

There were more than 100 people gathered at Hangar 113, of the American Airlines at La Guardia Airport, to bid farewell to Nehru. All voices were subdued and one could feel a sense of sadness about. I think Nehru, too, felt a little sad. Just before the plane was about to take off, Nehru asked, "Where is Rahman?" He was asking for Afzal Rahman, an old Moslem servant who is now at the Indian Embassy in Washington, and who acted as a valet for Nehru during his stay in this country. Nehru spotted Rahman, went up to him, shook hands with him, and bade him a cordial farewell. Many American newspapermen and dignitaries who were present saw this and were amazed to learn afterwards that Rahman was just a servant. One American said to me: "What a great man." With all my heart, I want to echo that sentiment. Nehru IS a great man.

(Concluded)

B.B. & C.I. RLY. RECORD YET ANOTHER SUCCESS

Bombay City "A" Beaten In Hockey League

BOMBAY, Wednesday

The Senior string of B. B. and C. I. Railway scored yet another victory in the Senior Division of the B. P. H. A. League this evening when they accounted for Bombay City 'A' by two goals to nil, the two goals being scored in different halves.

The Railwaymen were superior to their opponents in all the departments of the game and could easily have won by a much bigger margin than they did, had their finishing and markmanship been on a par with their approach work.

A. Pereira should have scored for the Railway when he had only N. Mendonca to beat but he pushed the ball feebly into the goalies pads which was safely cleared. Seven minutes later Champaklal opened the Railway account when he beat Mendonca with a well placed hard shot from the top of the circle from a pass by Kishenlal. The same player should have strengthened his side's position when he was ideally placed to score, but he missed his objective completely.

City had a grand chance of equalising seven minutes later when G. Ireland failed to beat the Railway goalkeeper from point-blank range, from a centre by M. Gardner.

Just before the breather Champaklal looked a definite scorer when A. Middlecoat hooked his stick from behind but he secured the ball again and shot into goal which Mendonca saved well and cleared to avert danger. Inspite of having the entire first half in their favour the B. B. and C. I. led by only a goal.

After the resumption the Railwaymen continued on the offensive but the City team gave an improved display and were very unfortunate that Albert Middlecoat their star pivot was badly injured when Kishenlal attempted a first-time shot into the goal off a rising ball and the former who was in the direct path of the ball received a nasty crack on the side of his head and dropped like a log. He had to be carried off the field to receive medical attention, but fortunately resumed shortly afterwards.

CATHOLIC GYMKHANA WIN 3—1.

Earlier in the evening Catholic Gymkhana secured full points in the first division at the expense of Bhimraj S. C. by three goals to one. The winners led by two goals at the interval scored by N. D'Mello and A. D'Souza while after the restart A. D'Souza scored again to complete their tally while Jadhav reduced the margin of defeat from a penalty corner just before the end.

St. XAVIER'S ASSN. WIN DESPITE HANDICAPS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

St. Xavier's Association inspite of fielding only nine men at the start beat the junior string of 'Times of India' by three goals to nil in the Second Division of the B. P. H. A. League at the Bombay Gymkhana ground.

Yet another player had to leave the field badly injured, and there was no medical aid available when Romeo of the St. Xavier's Association fractured his finger just before the interval and took no further part in the game. His team had to carry on with only eight men in the second half yet they were able to win. V. Mendonca scored the first two goals while Lobo secured the third one.

In the other game General Motors beat Dockyard 'B' by the only goal of the match scored by Blake. The third game of the evening between Bombay Gymkhana and Young Sports 'B' ended in a goalless draw.

PAREL HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

SENIOR DIVISION:— BEST Sports Club 2. (Kuttappa, J. N. D'Souza). Mazagoan Docks 0.

FIRST DIVISION:— Khatan S. C. 2. (Bangera 2), Young Rovers 0.

SECOND DIVISION: Ruia College 0, G. I. P. Carriage and Loco 0.

Second String Of Lever Bros. Beaten

Three matches were played this evening at the Parsi Cyclist ground. The Second Division match between Bombay Parsi Sports Association and Dreamland S. C. was not played as the former team failed to turn up and the latter were awarded a walk over.

In the Third Division, Metal Box S. C. beat Lever Sports Club 'B' by a solitary goal scored by Otter in the first half. In the other game, St. Xavier's College 'D' beat Thomas Cook S. C. by a similar margin scored by Pinto in the second half.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY:

Cooperage:

3-45 p.m. G. I. P. 'A' vs. R. I. N. 'A' (Senior Division)

4-45 p.m. Dockyard 'A' vs. Goan Sports 'A' (Senior Division).

Parsi Cyclist Ground:

3 p.m. B.P.T. 'B' vs. Dockyard 'C' (III Division).

4 p.m. Dolphin S C. vs. Young Comrades 'B' (III Division).

Association Ground Churchgate

4 p.m. Young Rovers vs. Telegraph R. C

5 p.m. Black Spiders vs. Juvenile S. C. (Second Division).

Naigaum Police Ground

4 p.m. Tutorial H. S. vs. Antonio da Silva.

5 p.m. St. Stanislaus vs. St. Xavier's (School's League).

TABLE TENNIS

Mysore Association, King's Circle:

5-30 p.m Junior's Singles (quarter-finals), followed by Mixed Doubles (1st and 2nd rounds) and Men's Singles (3rd and 4th rounds).

HOLDERS AGAIN IN FINAL

Dinshaw Mody's 169 In Harris Shield Cricket

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

In the two semi-final matches in Harris Shield Cricket Tournament which commenced today. Dinshaw Mody was the only player to register a century. His feat was achieved at the Kennedy Sea Face, where, thanks to Mody's 169, the Bharda New High School finished the day with 368 with one wicket intact when playing against the Robert Money High School.

Mody during his stay at the wicket of a little over three hours, hit thirty-two fours. Though his innings was blemished by four chances before he had made his 50 the captain gave a delightful display of all-round strokes. He was ably assisted by K. F. Peddar, Jagdish, Sheth and K. A. Patel, but the second named deserves special mention for his brisk batting as it took him only an hour to make his 56, which consisted of ten fours. He was unlucky to be run out.

The holders, the Anjuman-I-Islam High School gained a facile win over the Wilson High School at the Cross Maidan by seven wickets.

BHARDA HS vs. BOBERT MONEY

BHARDA NEW HIGH SCHOOL: P. K. Rao lbw Shetty 16, K. F. Peddar b Shetkar 45, B. J. Mistry b Shetty 0, Jagdish Sheth run out 56, D. R. Mody c and b Shetty 169, K. A Patel c Ezekiel b Reddi 34, G. Lakdawalla lbw Shetkar 6 M. M. Advani c and b Shetkar 18, S. G. Katki b Shetkar 0, S. Y. Heptulla batting 8, H. S. Ghai batting 3, Extras 13, Total (for 9 wkts.) 368.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 24; 2 for 24; 3 for 103; 4 for 126; 5 for 240; 6 for 316; 7 for 324; 8 for 339; 9 for 356.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: R. Shetty 46-8-125-3; D. Honnakeri 15-5-55-0; J. Ezekiel 15-5-42-0; S. Reddi 10-2-49-1; R. N. Shetkar 23-6-76-4; S. G. Patkar 1-0-8-0.

ROBERT MONEY HIGH SCHOOL: Rajaram Shetkar, Shashikant Patkar, Raghunath Shetty, Kamlakar Joakar, Gangadhar Karkera, Dayanand Honnakeri, Narayan Ratanjaokar, Joshua Ezikiel Euryaprakash Reddi Madhukar Naik and Subhas Palekar.

WISSON HS vs ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM HS

WILSON HIGH SCHOOL: A. L. Apte c Hamied b Toufique Hussein 30, Rele b Munuf 5, Wagh c Hamied b Toufique Hussein 9, Sapre c Kazi b Toufique Hussein 0, P. Gupte not out 54, Titnis, c Hamied b Toufique Hussein 2, Rege lbw Toufique Hussein 3, Pitkar b Kazi 3, Welinkar b Lajmi 9 Satam b Lajmi 0, Thakar b Lajmi 0, Extras 10, Total 125.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 17; 2 for 33; 3 for 33; 4 for 69; 5 for 86; 6 for 86; 7 for 93; 8 for 117; 9 for 125; 10 for 125.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Farooque 13-3-21-0; Munuf 11-3-21-1; Kazi 10-2-21-1; Toufique Hussein 25-12-23-5; Kadar 7-2-15-0; Lajmi 11.2-2-12-3; Mukudam 1-0-2-0.

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM HIGH SCHOOL A. S. Kadar b Rele 34, A. Hamied c Pitkar b Welinkar 0, S. Siafuddin not out 76. Toufique Hussein run out 2, V. S. Lajmi not out 20, Rest did not bat Extras 14.. Total (for 3 wkts.) 146.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 7; 2 for 75; 3 for 79.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Welinkar 7-0-32-1: Satam 3-0-16-0; Thakar 2-0-15-0; Rele 6-0-25-1; Gupte 8-0-34-0; Apte 1-0-5-0; Titnis 1-0-5-0.

Hassett Laid Up In Bed

WELLINGTON (Cape Province), Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).—Lindsay Hassett, Captain of the Australian cricket team touring South Africa, is suffering from tonsilitis and malaria and will remain in bed here for some days under medical care.

He was unable to play in the match against Western Province here.

While Hassett remains here, the rest of the side were to travel tonight to Johannesburg for the important match against Transvaal starting on Saturday.

Merchant To Lead West Zone

POONA, Dec. 7 (PTI).

V. M. Merchant, the Indian Test Captain, will lead West Zone against the Commonwealth Cricketers in a four-day fixture to be played at the Club of Maharashtra grounds, Poona, on December 10, 11, 12 and 13.

The following have been selected:

V. M. Merchant (Captain),
Vijay Hazare (Vice-Captain),
G. Kishenchand,
Gul Mahomed,
S. W. Sohini,
S. G. Shinde,
M. R. Rege,
B. B. Nimbalkar,
P. G. Joshi (wicket-keeper),
S. D. Deodhar and
S. D. Dhanwade.

Reserves: P. Khambatta, Vijaysinghji and Z. Nakhuda.

BRITAIN'S BEST "PUTTER" IN TRAINING

Discovered by Britain's national athletic coach, Geoff Dyson, Corporal John Savidge of the Royal Marines is now regarded as the finest weight-putter Britain has ever had, and as a potential world-beater. He confirmed this view recently when, at Cambridge, he established a new British record of 51ft. 4½ in., nearly 3 ft. better than his own previous British record of 48ft. 10½ in. He went on to record 53 ft. 2-1/4 in., but this was disallowed as he had stepped over the stop-board. Born in Nottingham, Savidge is 26 years of age, 6ft. 7in. tall and he weighs 16 stone. He took up throwing a 16-pound weight a year ago and has since been one of the small group of promising athletes receiving special coaching from Dyson at the University of London ground, Motspur Park (Surrey). Savidge turned down an invitation to go to New Zealand as a member of the England team for the Empire Games because he wanted to continue his training under Dyson. John Savidge is seen above being coached by Geoff Dyson (left) at Motspur Park.—Reuter photo.

Ron Wilmer Gains Points Decision Against Capt. Divecha

RANGERS CLAIM INTER-CLUB TROPHY IN WESTERN INDIA BOXING

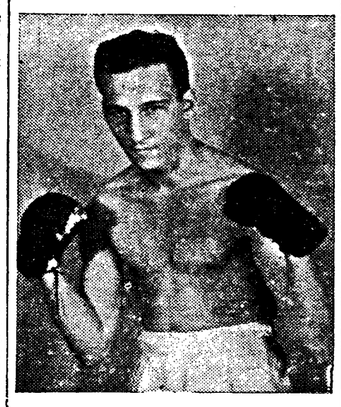
BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The twenty-first-annual Western India Boxing Championships were concluded this evening in the presence of Sir Eugen Millington Drake, a member of the International Amateur Boxing Federation. Speaking on the occasion Sir Eugen spoke of the high standard of Amateur Boxing in India and said that he would urge that Asia have a representative on the I.B.A. He was also impressed by the keen sense of chivalry and sportsmanship.

As a token of goodwill he presented on behalf of the South American Boxing Association a copy of an engraving of a boxing scene in 1821. This is to be presented as an inter club trophy known as the Norman Kemp inter club trophy and Rangers Club are the proud winners of it for the first time.

Coming to the fights of the evening I must say that the standard of boxing in Western India has improved tremendously and this evening's fights were all well contested except for the Welterweight fight. With Asia about to receive international recognition in boxing, it would be an opportune moment to concentrate on building up the young talent that is in hand and a proper system of coaching made available. Delay may prove dangerous.

Referee Eldridge caused a major surprise in this evening's Western India Championships of the best fights. Roquizinho who staged a welcome return back to form received a rude



RON WILMER

shock with the decision going against him when he actually deserved to win by a big margin. Havelock Norris did win the second round but Roquizinho had his opponent well in hand in the third after having claimed the first round.

Norris was sent down to the carpet twice and he was a fatigued man. Roquizinho and the audience were surprised at the decision. The referee exercised some partiality in warning Roquizinho in the second round but Norris was seen to hold more often and was leaning also. All this went unnoticed.

Ron Willmer, who recently returned in triumph from Ceylon gave another clean and pugilistic display against Capt. Divecha of the Indian Grenadiers. Divecha proved to be a stiff opponent, able to take and dish out some really stiff ones. Willmer received a cut in the last round under the left eye.

Thomas of the B.E.S.T. is maintaining his rise as a keen fighter when he displaced his more scientific opponent E. Kothare of Rangers Club on points Kothare fought well, but he found Thomas too aggressive and was unable to cope with his speed. He counter attacked at times and scored a few good ones, but Thomas deserved to win.

Gene and forgot to defend enabling were seen in a hard fight, but neither of the boxers gave a clean display.

The following were the results:—

FLYWEIGHT (Special Contest)

E. Jacob (Maccabi) beat V. Samson (R.I.N.) on points.

FLY WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

A. Thomas (BEST) beat E. Kothare (Rangers) on points winning the Sir Fredrick Sykes Cup.

BANTAM WEIGHT (Special Contest)

S/M Knowlayve (RIN) beat V. Dias (Dockyard) on points.

BANTAM WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

Gene Vandergucht (Rangers) beat E. Kapper (HMIS Shivaji) on points winning the Sir Leslie Wilson Cup.

FEATHER WEIGHT (Special Contest)

A. Sequeira (Dinshaw Petit Inst) beat Aaron (Maccabi) on points.

FEATHER WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

H. Norris (Rangers) beat F. Roquizinho (BEST) on points winning the Sir Dinshaw Mulla Cup.

LIGHT WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

L/S.M B. S. Sharma (R.I.N.) beat M. Carvelho (Dockyard). The referee stopped the fight in the second round disqualifying Carvalho for hitting below the belt. Sharma won the Sir Victor Sassoon Cup.

WELTER WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

Peter Prince (Rangers) beat H. Ferrier (BEST) on a T K. O. in the first round winning the Norman Kemp Cup.

MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

Ron Willmer (Rangers) beat Capt. T. Divecha (Indian Granadiers) on points winning the cup presented by Sir Dawlay Singhji, Thakore Saheb of Limbdi.

THREE INDIANS TO PLAY FOR CEYLON

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7 (PTI).

The Board of Control for Cricket in India has permitted Vijay Hazare, Vinoo Mankad and D. G. Phadkar to play for Ceylon in an unofficial Test match to be played against the Commonwealth team in Colombo from March 3 to 6

Mr. A. S. De Mello, President of the Board who left for Bombay today said that the Indian team for the Second Test is due to collect in Bombay tomorrow to commence practice and training. A medical board will examine the members of the team a few days before the match.

The Commonwealth team is arriving by air in Bombay from Karachi tomorrow and will leave for Poona by train the same evening to play against the West Zone on December 10.

HOLKAR RECORDS INNINGS VICTORY

'C.S.' And Sarawate Skittle Assam On Moist Wicket

JORHAT, Dec. 7 (P.T.I.).

Holkar beat Assam by an innings and fifty-five runs in their first round Ranji Trophy match here today.

In reply to Assam's first innings total of fifty Holkar compiled 157 and then skittled out the Assam team for the second time for a paltry 52, shortly after lunch today.

The Holkar overnight batsmen. Jagdale and Gaekwad resumed their innings this morning in foggy weather to the bowling of Bullock and Chowdhury. The partnership was broken when Gaekwad was nicely caught by Mukut Sarma off Blankley for twelve and the remaining wickets toppled down.

N. Chowdhury and Bullock bowled very well to dismiss the strong Holkar team for such a modest total. When Assam went in again C. S. Naidu and Sarwate, Holkar's slow bowlers, skittled Assam out for 52 runs. The slow bowlers were aided by a moist wicket which they fully exploited.

Commonwealth Team Draws With Pakistan Universities

IMTIAZ AHMED'S 165 NOT OUT HIGHEST SO FAR AGAINST TOURISTS

KARACHI, December 7 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

The Commonwealth touring cricket team today played Pakistan Universities to a draw in their last match in Pakistan, a game in which batsmen triumphed.

Though a draw seemed inevitable last night, a large crowd turned up this morning to watch the Commonwealth team bat, and they were amply rewarded by the performances of Place, Holt, Alley and Worrell, the first two of whom participated in a snappy second-wicket partnership of 78.

Another big draw was the Universities young skipper Imtiaz Ahmed, who scored an unbeaten, chanceless 165 the highest scored so far against the tourists.

The scores were:—

PAKISTAN UNIVERSITY XI
(First Innings)

Imtiaz not out 165; Ghafoor b Pepper 9; Dinshaw b Ray Smith 43; Wagar l.b.w. Ray Smith 0; Agha Saadat c Ray Smith b Worrell 43; Mazmah b Ray Smith 0; Harroon Jaffar b Worrell 23; Khan Mohd st. Dawkes b Pettiford 4; Altaf c Oldfield b Ray Smith 4; Gayyum Hamid not out 0; Extras 14 TOTAL (for eight wickets declared) 305.

Bowling Analysis: Fitzmaurice 11-3-36-0; Ray Smith 31-8-67-4; Pettiford 27-4-77-1; Pepper 17-6-42-1; Worrell 28-9-57-2; Alby 4-0-12-0.

COMMONWEALTH TEAM
(First Innings)

W. Place c Saadat b Khan Mohammed 37; N. Oldfield c Waqar b Khalid Qureshi 0; Holt l.b.w. b Khan Mohammed 60; Worrell not out 39; Alby c Mazhar Khan b Waqar 37; Pettiford c Khan Mohammed b Khalid Quareshi 18; Fitzbauric ec Imtiaz b Khalid Qureshi 0; Ray Smith l.b.w. b Khan Mohammed 11; Livingstone not out 4; Extras 6 TOTAL (for 7 wkts) 212.

Fall of wickets: 1 /3: 2/81! 3/105: 4/156: 5/191: 6/191; 7/208

Bowling Analysis: Khan Mohammed 32-3-101-3; Khalid Quareshi 34-13-70-2; Waqar 7-2-27-1; Mazhar 4-1-8-0.

SUBBARAO & B.S. COOPER EXTEND TOP-SEEDED PAIR

Mysore Association Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Further progress was made when several interesting matches were witnessed this evening when the first andsecond rounds of Men's Doubles of the Mysore Association Table Tennis Tournament were played out at the club premises.

The second round clash between A. Subbarao and B. S. Cooper an unseeded pair and the Indian Internationals M. V. S. Vittal and Kumar Ghosh, seeded No. 1 combination was the highlight of the programme which ended in a glorious victory for the former pair.

The manner in which M. V. S. Vittal and K. Ghosh took the first game led the crowd to believe that it would be a straight three game victory in their favour. But in the second and third games young B. S Cooper and Subba Rao hitting on both flanks remarkably well kept their rivals on the move. Some of the rallies proved to be very interesting and forging ahead with terrific pace in the game they turned the scales in their favour, and losing the fourth game very cheaply to the reputed opponents they forced the decider. K. Ghosh and Vittal lead right from the start and K. Ghosh using his deadly backhand flicks drove the unseeded opponents away the table won the match in a glorious manner.

In another keenly contested match was the one in which National Champion Uttam Chandarana and N. J Nensey, No. 2 seeded pair and Sridhar and S. Sastry were concerned. Uttam Chandarana was a little shaky at the start with the result the unseeded pair shot into a big lead. Sastry's devastating forehand drives and Sridhar's deceptive back hand pushes subdued the former pair for a long spell, but rising to the occasion Uttam Chandarana took the upper hand in the closing stages of the first game and bagged the same at 21-19. In the second game Nensey's fine top spin and Chandarana's clever placings gave their opponents a terrible head-ache and the game ended in a straight game victory in their favour.

The following were the results

MEN'S DOUBLES

2ND ROUND:—M. V. S. Vittal and Kumar Gosh beat Subbarao and Cooper 21-12, 19-21, 24-26, 21-7, 21-13; R. N. Muttuswamy and N. L. Bajaj beat B. N. Sen and N. K. Subba Rao 21-18, 21-17, 19-21, 21-14; U. M. Chandarana and Nancy beat S. Narayan and M. Srinivas 21-11, 21-8, 21-19; Shevde and Ketwar beat J. B Kolah and S J. Boad 21-14, 21-15, 21-14; V. V. Prabhu and S. L. Bajaj beat C. L. N. Iyengar and S. H. Engineer 21-16, 21-18, 21-14; Dubash and Framrose beat N. N. Prasad and N. N. Krishna Prasad 19-21, 21-18, 21-17, 21-18; A. Jacob and S. B. Jog beat Ranganath and Jaganath 21-11, 25-23, 15-21, 11-21, 21-13, P. Kumar and N. B. Mistry beat G V. Halady and Radha Krishna 21-14, 22-20, 18-21, 21-16.

Barna Reaches London After Ten Weeks' Tour

LONDON, Dec 7. (PTI-Reuter): Victor Barna, world champion doubles table tennis player, flew into London today after playing a thousand games in New Zealand, Australia, Ceylon and India.

Away ten weeks, Barna, with Richard Bergmann, competed against the champions of all the countries winning every match Bergmann is coming by sea.

Barna confirmed that he is retiring from singles championships games. "I am now 33 and I have had a good run," he said

OXFORD MAINTAINS UNBEATEN RECORD

TWICKENHAM, (Middlesex) Dec. 6. (PTI-Reuter) Oxford beat Cambridge by three points to nil—a try in the eleventh minute—to win the Inter-Varsity Rugger match here today.

5,000 Metres Road Race Won By Siddharth College

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following is the result of the 5,000 Metres Road Race held this morning in connection with the Bombay Collegiate Athletic Sports —

M. S. Wasaika (Siddharth)
N Mascarenhas (St Xaviers 2.
J. B. Kamble (Siddarth) 3.
Time 17 min 37.5 secs

"News Of The World" Snooker

LONDON Dec 7 (P T I Reuter)

Albert Brown receiving six points in each frame against Sidney Smith had all the better of matters in this afternoon's session of his 'News of the World Snooker Tournament match winning five of the six frames. This gave him an interval lead of 18 frames to 12 and he needed only one win at night to take the match Scores with Brown first were 85 to 33, 97 to 47, 27 to 86, 66 to 48, 72 to 62 and 81 to 47.

MORE AND MORE POPULAR

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NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT IN ACTIVE SHARES

Early Profit-Taking Meets Moderate Buying Support

BOMBAY, Dec. 7.

After the recent steady rise in active shares, the Bombay Stock Exchange displayed quiet tone to deny under moderate profittaking. The present move is of a corrective nature with more disposition to buy on declines. However, a section of operators is inclined to be cautious after their experience in recent years. The year ends with high hopes with good prospects and the market naturally becomes overbought. But at higher level the demand diminishes and January month proves a disappointment. There is nothing such history repeating every year but most of the known bullish factors are discounted at present level of prices and the market is in search of new incentives.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1462/8 and declined at Rs. 1450/- under realising sales. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 303/- and quietened at Rs. 301/-.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1055 and lost five points at Rs. 1050 Kohinoors opened at Rs. 282/- and steadied at Rs. 281/- Svadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 270/- declined at Rs. 268/-. Nagpurs opened at Rs. 247/- and quietened at Rs. 244 while Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 13/15 and steadied at Rs. 13/13.

Later on there was small buying support and Tata Steel Defds. rallied at Rs 1,457/8 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 302/- Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 1,052-8 and Wimco shares were steady at Rs. 210/-.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1053 12
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	284 8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	270 8
Central India Mills (6)	246 8
Simplex Mills (6-6)	185 0
New Great Eastern (8)	146 0
Indore (8-3)	118 12
Gokak Mills (12)	258 8
Century Spinning (15)	241 4
Swan Mills (20)	306 0
Indian Bleaching (6)	138 0
Finlay Mills (15)	258 0
Morarji Gokuldas (S)	455 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	226 4
Mever (12)	107 8
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 12 0
India United Ord. (0-13-0)	11 12
Indian United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 13 6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	175 0
Podar (S)	130 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	171 1
Swadeshi Coupon	66 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	303 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1457 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	137 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	145 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	325 0
Belapur Sugar (9)	209 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	34 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	13 13
Premier Construction	87 0
Tata Chemical	12 10
Tata Oil (2)	48 8
Indian Iron (6-12)	29 13
Bengal Steel (0-12)	21 12 9
British Indian Corp. (0-9)	8 14
Indian Copper	2 5 6
Wimco	210 0
Alcock	246 4
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (6) XD	1472 8
Andhra Valley (30) XD	1402 8
Tata Hydro (3) XD	151 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	55 0
Phoenix (50)	136 4
Indian Mfg.	2910 0
Kurla XD	123 2
Colaba (12)	119 0
New City (1)	163 2
Minerva (12)	137 4
Bradbury (12)	476 4
Bharuch Deft (0-4)	
Bharat Mills (8)	29 12
Mysore (4)	164 1
Model Mills (12-3)	181 1
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	695 0
Vishnu Cotton	225 0
Western India (40)	2925 4
Standard (15)	229 12
Sholapur Mills (200)	2880 4
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 4
Tata Mills (2-3)	50 0
Ahmedabad Advance	240 1
New Ahmedabad	195 1
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	32 1
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 14
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 4
Shrinivas Mills (8)	162 4
Raja Bahadur (4)	62 0
Bihar Mills	250 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-9)	125 0
Ahmedabad New	73 0
Surat Electric (2-3)	127 8
Karachi Electric (2)	136 14
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Almer Electricity (0-8)	10 6
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	141 4
Bombay Suburban XR	149 6
Bombay Suburban New	85 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1740 0
Imperial Bank P (8-12)	432 8
Central Bank (1-8)	77 0
Central Bank New (8)	78 4
Bank of India (4) XD	167 0
Union (0-3)	7 0
Baroda	117 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	41 0
United Commercial (8)	45 0
Jaipur Bank (1-5)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4250
Empire (10)	341 4
New India (1-7)	61 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 10
Vulcan (00-10)	11 13
Indian Mercantile (2)	36 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	14 14
Industrial and Prudential	26 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	14 0
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P. (1-14) XD	113 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	218 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	120 10
Burma Petrol	1 4 9
Mackenzie (6)	75 0
Port Canning (3)	60 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	370 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	83 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	38 12
Mukund Iron	13 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	150 0
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	28 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B S.)	131 4
United Motor	28 0
Associated Cement New (2)	136 4
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Gujarat Motor	28 0
Estrella Batteries	32 2
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	56 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	195 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1230 0
Tata Power (7-8)	305 0
Hydro Electric (7)	127 8
Bombay Steamer (6)	220 0
Central India (5)	655 0
Swadeshi Mills	127 8
Vishnu Mills (7)	650 0
Lakshmi Mills	267 8
Khatau	100 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 10
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	105 10
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130 0
Pre. Construction First	100 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref	97 4
Amalgamated	115 8
Habib	72 9
Tata Chemical	125 0
Walchandnager	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	60 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	74 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 8
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 8
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 8 6
New Victoria	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 4
Palton (8)	120 0
Gold Mohor	302 8
New Kaiser Hind	305 0
Sajjan Mills	155 0
Osmanshahi (16)	240 0
Azamshahi	270 0
Air Services	4 4
Air India Tata	60 0
Hind Motors	5 1
India Steam	7 14

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Dec. 7.

The local bullion market was fairly steady today with moderate business passing.

Posh delivery opened at Rs. 171/2 and advanced at Rs. 171/12 under moderate buying but declined at Rs. 170/12 on increased long liquidation. Thereafter the market steadied at Rs. 171/2. Magsar Silver was quoted at Rs. 170/10 and Ready Silver business was done at Rs. 170/8.

Posh delivery Gold opened at Rs. 112/10 and after declining at Rs. 111/14 improved at Rs. 112/4. Ready Gold was quoted Rs. 113/12 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76/-.

Final quotations were as under

Ready Silver	170	8	0
Posh Dely.	171	6	0
Ready Gold	113	8	0
Posh Delv.	112	2	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton May contract is 1364 cent points below New York May delivery.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Dec. 6.

KARNAK Jan.	75.60 plus 65
KARNAK Mar.	74.85 plus 95
KARNAK May	74.35 plus 110
ASHMOUNI Dec.	75.30 plus 148
ASHMOUNI Feb.	74.40 plus 185
ASHMOUNI Apr.	72.40 plus 150

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Dec. 7.

The local produce market was quiet today under moderate professional unloading. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Quality Receipts	36	6	0
Bold Ready	35	6	0
Bold January	35	6	0
Bold December	35	6	0
Oil Bombay Mills	20	6	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	22	0	0
Oil December	19	14	0
Oil January	19	12	0
LINSEED—			
Indore	35	1	0
Bold	35	0	0
February-March	33	4	0
Small	34	0	0
Oil	20	12	0
CASTORSEED—			
January Delivery	24	12	0
Ready	24	12	0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Dec. 7.

Tata Ordinary 303, Tata Deferred 1457-8, Indian Iron 29-13, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21-12-6, Bombay Dyeing 1053-12, Central India 246-4, Gokak 258-12, Kohinoor 284-6, Simplex 185, Swadeshi 250-10, Tata Power 1472-8, Associated Cement 145-10, Belapur 209-6, Bombay Burma (Old) 325, Scindia 13-13, Central Bank 77, New India 61, Tata 2nd Pref. 137.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Dec. 7

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1956	100	4	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	8	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	8	0
2 3/4 per cent. 1962	99	1	0
2 3/4 per cent 1973	96	0	0
3 per cent Con.	97	15	6
3 per cent 1951-54	101	13	0
3 per cent 1952-55	102	0	0
3 per cent 1957	101	12	0
3 per cent 1959-61	101	5	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	8	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	7	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	2	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	7	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	4	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	101	12	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	9
4 1/2 per cent 1958-66	113	0	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent C.P 1961	97	1	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	1	0
3 per cent Bombay 1.955	100	8	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	99	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B P T long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12	0

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Dec. 7.

MILLS

Apollo 2/12
B. Dyeing 1060 50 52/8 47/8 53/12
Bharat 29/8
C. India 247 48 43/8 47 46 46/8
Century 241/4
Colaba 119
Bradbury Ord. 477/8 76/4
Finlay 257 59 58
Gokak 258 57 58/8
I. U. Defd. 1/13/6 1/13 1/13/3
I. U. Ord. 11/13 11/11 11/12
Indore 120 17/8 18/12
Kohinoor 283 80/12 84 83/8 84/8
Laxmi 695
New City 163/2
New Great 143 46
Podar 130
Simplex 185 82/8 85
Svadeshi 269 70/8 67/8 70/8
Swan 307 6
Tata Mills 50
Vishnu 225

STEAMER

B. Steam Pref. 225
Scindia 13/14 14 13/12/6 13/14 13/13

BANKS

Baroda 117
Central 77 77/4 76/12 77
Central New 78/8
Imperial Old 1740
Imperial New 431/4 32/8
India 167/8 67
Union 7
U. Commercial 45

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 125

Andhra 1402/8
Suburban 149/6
Hydro 151
Power 1477/8 72/8

INSURANCE

New India 59 61
I. Mercantile 36
Jupiter 12/10

STEEL

B. Steel 21/15 22 21/12/6 21/13/6 21/12/6
I. Iron 29/13 29/15 29/11/6 29/13
Tata Defd. 1462/8 70 47/8 63/12 57/8
Tata Ord. 302/8 4 300/8 3
Tata IInd Pref. 137/4 36/12 37

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 247/8 48/2 46/4
A.C.C. 145/12 45 45/8 45/4
Belapur 208/8 10 8 9
B. B. Old 330 31/4 22/8 25
B.B. New 120/10
B.B. Petrol 1/5/6 1/4/9
B.I.C. 8/14 8/13
I. Bleaching 138
I. Copper 2/5/9
P. Const 87 88 85/8 87
P. Ist Pref. 100/8
Shivraipur 34
Tata Chem 12/12 12/9 12/10
Tata Pref. 125
Tata Oil 48/8
Wimco 21/4 15 10

SPECIAL

Svadeshi Coupon 66/8 68
Laxmi Pref. 267/8

Mills Support Near Months In N. Y. Cotton

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

The market opened generally irregular with old crops holding steady reflecting mill covering against textile sales which absorbed hedges and profittaking. On the other hand next crop was sluggish on selling based on warnings of diminishing farm price support funds and reports of individual farmers resentment against acreage cuts. The trade supported nearbys latterly on bullish loan, textile and export influences. On the other hand, new crops continued sluggish reflecting diminishing funds and the average cut resentment news. The market closed steady with sales estimated at 100,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

December	30.32+04
March	30.26x01
May	30.14—04
July	29.64—10
October	28.10—16
Middling spot	30.96+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

December	30.25+01
March	30.21—02
May	30 08—05
July	29.56—10
Middling spot	29.80—

New York cotton Highest for March 30.29 at 10.00 Lowest 30.25 at 14.53 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET IRREGULAR

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

The pace slackened and prices drifted aimlessly with little feature. With most news continuing pleasing many buyers were inclined to allow consolidation forces some leeway before attempting a test of the recently established 1949 peaks. A Dun and Bradstreet survey showed three of every four business executives interview in late November expected first quarter 1950 sales volume to equal or exceed the same 1949 period.

The averages were industrials 194.60 and rails 50.76.

The afternoon continued featureless with prices fluctuating narrowly. Gains, in the majority with utilities narrowly however, managed to come slightly advancing to a new 1949 peak. Merchandisings averaged a trifle, lower with November dollar sales of leading mail order houses upto 7.3 per cent behind November 1948. The market closed irregular.

American Telephone and Telegraph	148-1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	32
Anaconda Copper Mining	28-3/8
Chase National Bank	34-1/2
Firestone Tyre	50-7/8
General Electric	40-7/8
General Motors	69-1/4
Ingersoll Rand	67-1/2
International Nickel of Canada 'A'	27
National City Bank of New York	42-1/2
New York Central Railroad	10-5/8
Sinclair Oil Corporation	23
Socony Vacuum Oil	16-1/4
Texas Corporation	61-5/8
Union Carbide	43-1/2
U.S. Smelting and Refining	37-3/8
U.S. Steel Common	25-1/2
Western Union 'A'	17-3/8

Volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 1,430,000 shares. Highest and lowest U. S. Steel Trading prices were 25-5/8 and 25-3/8 res-

Increased Selling In Chicago Wheats

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.

Prices declined under the leadership of wheat as commission house liquidation met only limited commercial support reflecting a sharp contraction in foreign demand. The market was also influenced by indications of increased producer offerings of wheat and maize and the statement by the President of the Commodity Credit Corporation that government funds available for supporting farm prices may soon be exhausted. Technical considerations were an additional factor behind the selling.

CHICAGO WHEAT

December	2.20-5/8
March	2.19-7/8
May	2.14-1/2
July	1.97-5/8

CONTINENTAL STOCK MARKETS

PARIS, Dec. 6.

Although dealings were very restricted domestic prices remained fairly steady. French rentes, however, were better disposed and made advances. Many internationals were depressed. Canadian Pacific lost the ground gained in the previous session, suez declined after initial firmness Argentines backed away and kaffirs were irregular. Dutch issues aolne were firm.

BRUSSELS: The bourse maintained a favourable outlook. Considerable interest was shown in coals which were again a firm feature. Some textiles and glass industries also improved their positions.

AMSTERDAM: Profittaking caused a sharp setback today and quotations in most departments showed declines. The public were reserved pending the parliamentary debate on the Indonesian conference results. Royal Dutch lost six points under selling pressure. Plantations were all lower, shippings easy and internationals barely steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Dec. 6.

	£
2-1/2 p.c. British consols	72
3-1/2 p.c. conversion loan 1961	94-7/8
4 p.c. funding loan 1960/90	108-1/8
3-1/2 p.c. war loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	93-3/8
Chartered Bank of India	9-15/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	38-1/2
National Bank of India	33

N. Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

SILVER: The turnover approximated 50,000 ounces at unchanged level.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Dec. 6.

London: Silver spot and forward both 64 pence gold bars fine per ounce £ 12/8/-.

INCREASE OF RS. 7 CRORES IN NOTES

Weekly Statement Of Reserve Bank

The following is the account of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended the 2nd day of December—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	26,47,30,000
Notes in circulation	10,82,88,28,000
Total Notes issued	11,09,35,58,000
Total Liabilities	11,09,35,58,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion.	
Held in India	40,01,71,000
Foreign Securities	600,34,38,000
Rupee Coin	53,76,74,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	415,22,75,000
Total Assets	11,09,35,58,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57 724 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government	133,15,69,000
(2) Other Governments	23,36,52,000
(b) Banks	79,18,40,000
(c) Others	64,17,66,000
Bills Payable	5,55,95,000
Other Liabilities	8,17,32,000
Rupees	3,23,61,54,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	26,47,30,000
Rupee Coin	12,22,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,66,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Internal	25,18,000
Government Treasury Bills	1,30,39,000
Balances held abroad	1,94,82,12,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	2,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	6,57,81,000
Investments	90,12,61,000
Other Assets	3,90,25,000
Rupees	3,23,61,54,000

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

Black pepper was steady with spots offered at 136 cents pound. Grinders and dealers are showing hesitancy in following the advance but there is considerable potential demand, trade sources stated. Prices were as follows: Spot 1.36 asked, December 1.30 nom January 1.24 Nom., March 1.19 nom., May 1.12 Nom., July 1.12 bid, September 1.08 bid, October 1.06 Nom., sales nil, White peppper spot 2.55 asked.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Dec 6.

Trading was again very quiet on the Singapore pepper market today and with dealers apathetic owing to the coming holidays, prices sagged slightly, black lampong to 565 and white muntok to 890 dollars per picul exgodown.

ACTIVE BUYING IN ART SILK MARKET

Sharp Rise In Prices

BOMBAY, Dec. 7

The Art Silk market ruled firm today on active speculative buying December delivery opened at Rs. 825 against yesterdays close at Rs. 824 and sharply advanced at Rs. 846. There was good demand in ready and quotations were as under:

120 Ready Japan	4	5	0
150 Ready Japan	4	4	0
120 Ready Italy	4	5	0
150 Ready Italy	4	3	6
150 D. Box. Dec	842	0	0
150 D. Box Jan.	847	0	0

LONDON PEPPER STEADY

LONDON, Dec 6.

The market was very steady, but idle and home and continental buyers were not willing to respond to the high prices current. Black lampong December was one penny dearer at 10sh 8d pound asked while white muntok December was offered at 16sh 9d. pound asked while white muntok December was offered at 16sh 9d shipping weight and white sarawak 17sh delivered weight cost insurance freight basis ports. Sellers quoted Malaoar afloat in near position at 1250 and distant at 1215. December 990 and January 970 per cwt cif Uni Kingdom.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Dec. 7.

Following are todays quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange market

GOVERNMENT LOANS: Three percent paper 97-10 three per cent 1986 98 three percent 1970-75 100-2 three percent 1966-68 100-4.

Government of Travancore three percent 1952-54 100-12 Government of Madras: Three percent 1956 100-8 three percent 1960 100-2.

BANKS: Travancore 13-8.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 4-9 Devashola 13-8 Nelliampathy 1-1 Ouchterlong 5-10 Pullangode 1-2 Thirumbadi 1-11-6 T Rand T Co 5-3 Vaikundam 5-7.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 145 do pref. 188 P Cambodia 10-8 Coimbatore CM 122 Lakshmi 60 Madura 37-12 Mettur 312 Radhakrishna 148 Rajalakshmi 60 Raga Vilas 46-8 Trav Rayons 4-5 Trichinopoly 9-13.

MISCELLANEOUS: FACT 3-4 Mettur Chem 6-1

ITD RECEIPTS

Government of India Treasury Deposit Receipts of the value of Rs 3,10,00,000 were sold during the month of November 1949 as under:—

6 months' Treasury Deposit Receipts	Rs.	3,10,00,000
9 months' Treasury Deposit Receipts	Rs.	Nil
12 months' Treasury Deposit Receipts	Rs	Nil
Total	Rs.	3,10,00,000

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

RECRUITMENT OF SEAMEN

Measure To Remedy Present System

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES TO BE SET UP

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7 (P T I).

PARLIAMENT today passed the Commerce Minister, Mr. K. C. Neogy's Bill to enable Government to set up seamen's employment offices at ports in India.

The Bill will benefit two to three lakhs of Indian seamen and is designed to check grave abuses in the existing system of recruitment.

Mr. Neogy told the House that the total number of seamen recruited at Indian ports had been variously estimated at 55 to 60 thousand and the total number of seamen available for recruitment at these ports had been estimated at two to three lakhs. This would give the House an idea of the extent of unemployment that prevailed, with all its attendant evils.

The present system of recruitment of seamen had remained materially unchanged for the most part of a century, although the Clow Committee 27 years ago had commented scathingly on it and had recommended the opening of employment bureaus. But the then Government of India did not take serious notice of the Committee's recommendations.

It was not Government's intention, said Mr. Neogy, to exclude the possibility, altogether, of recruitment by organisations on which representatives of the employers and efficient Labour organisations were represented, provided the conditions were satisfactory.

The House referred to a Select Committee the Finance Minister Dr John Matthai's Taxation Laws (Extension to Merged States and Amendment) Bill.

Replying to the debate, Dr. Matthai said that instructions had been issued to income-tax officers to collect information regarding special arrangements that had been made by certain princes with the industrialists so that the Government might be in a position to determine the concessions that had to be given to them.

The Finance Minister said that in regard to merged States, the Indian ratio of income-tax would be applied from August 1, 1949, and a rebate would be given in respect of income between April 1 and August 1, 1949.

The House also passed the Merchant Shipping and Lighthouse (Amendment) Bill, the Industrial Disputes (Banking and Insurance Companies) Bill and the Explosives (Temporary Provisions) Bill.

Mr. K. C. Neogy, Commerce Minister, moved a Bill further to amend the Indian Merchant Shipping Act. The Bill is intended to enable Government to set up seamens' employment offices at ports in India.

The seamen who were recruited at Indian ports, said Mr. Neogy, constituted a very large proportion of the total sea-faring population of the world. In the case of United Kingdom shipping, it was estimated that fully 25 per cent of the seamen were recruited at Indian ports.

CLOW COMMITTEE'S REPORT

The Geneva Seamen's Conference adopted a convention seeking to regularise and improve the different methods of recruitment that prevailed in various parts of the world but on the recommendation of the Government of India, the Indian Legislature decided not to ratify it. Government, however, appointed the Clow Committee to examine the existing system and that Committee commented so scathingly that it was decided to keep the first three paragraphs of the report confidential. The Clow Committee had recommended the setting up of employment bureaus to counteract the prevailing evils and the present Bill sought to give effect to that recommendation after the lapse of 27 years.

Very recently, a responsible officer of the International Labour Office commented as follows on the Bombay system of recruitment:

"The writer arrived outside the Bombay Shipping Office to find an excited and vociferous mob engaged in a free fight, in which the police had to intervene after a few broken heads had been suffered." On the Calcutta system, this officer commented: "The Selecting Officer had written on his palm in indelible pencil the numbers of certain discharged certificates, the holders of which had paid a bribe in advance to ensure being picked. This trick was discovered (by the other seamen who had lined up for the jobs) and the officer narrowly escaped lynching."

BI-PARTITE ARRANGEMENTS

It was not Government's intention, Mr. Neogy added, to exclude the possibility altogether of bi-partite arrangements. If Government were satisfied that in any instance either in Bombay or Calcutta at any time it was possible to leave the responsibility of recruitment to the bi-partisan organisations, Government might be content to watch the situation from a distance or with giving advice, apart from exercising some kind of general supervision and control.

Mr. Kuladhar Chaliha (Assam) opposing the Bill said that the provision for setting up an employment bureau and registration of seamen deprived young men of their fundamental right to choose their profession. The Bill sought to end corruption and bribery in the recruitment of seamen. But from his experience of recruitment of Labour to the tea plantations, he was afraid the corruption would be continued.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed (West Bengal) felt that corruption being a "very general trade and a classical institution" would affect the employment exchanges for seamen also. The Bill, he said, tried to "nationalise and legalise corruption".

PAKISTAN NATIONALS

Mr. K. C. Neogy, intervening said that he wanted to clarify one point raised by a member regarding employment of nationals of other countries as seamen in India. No Pakistan national, he said, was employed in the Indian Navy, either as rating or officer. In the shipping companies, owned by Indians, Pakistan nationals did not form a majority. It was only in companies owned by foreigners that they formed the majority. But according to well-established conventions, the nationality of a person did not determine the right of recruitment as a seamen at any port in any part of the world. Nobody could say that Pakistani nationals had no right to be recruited at an Indian port. It was wrong to infer that the recruitment of seamen through a government agency, as proposed in the Bill, would prohibit Pakistan nationals from becoming seamen at Indian ports. The only qualification necessary was that a person should be fit to do the job, irrespective of his nationality.

ARBITRARY DISMISSALS

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar (Madras), speaking on the third reading on the Bill, took strong objection to the remarks made during the course of the debate that the Bill sought to "nationalise corruption." If any member thought that a "Government had become corrupt," it would be better for him to leave the country and get away to another place.

He wanted representatives of seamen and employers to have a place in the Advisory Board. Some provision, he suggested, should be made to safeguard the rights of seamen against arbitrary dismissal by the employers. He further suggested that the welfare of seamen should be under the Labour Ministry and not under the Ministry of Commerce.

The Bill, as amended, was passed.

The House next took up Labour Minister Jagjivan Ram's Industrial Disputes (Banking and Insurance Companies) Bill. This Bill is on the lines of the Ordinance now in force under which the Centre was enabled to intervene in a large number of disputes in banking and insurance companies early this year. Mr. Jagjivan Ram said that the number of disputes referred to the Central Tribunal was 205 and the number of items of dispute 38.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, welcoming the Bill, and that so far labour legislation had not benefited the clerical class. He knew several cases in which clerks had to work from 9-30 a.m. to 8-30 p.m.

UNIFORMITY

Mr. Jagjivan Ram, replying to the debate, said that he was receiving several representations daily from the provincial governments, employees and employers, to intervene in subjects that were purely provincial. Even though the Centre had no legal power to intervene, they had nevertheless intervened at the request of the parties concerned to their satisfaction. He realised that wages could not be uniform throughout the country but there should certainly be some uniformity about the principles on which the wages, salaries and dearness allowance were fixed.

Asked whether Government would bring forward any Bill to ensure such uniformity of principles, Mr. Jagjivan Ram said that he proposed to bring forward a comprehensive Bill either in this session or the next.

EXPLOSIVES

The House also adopted the Explosives Temporary (Provisions) Bill, 1949, moved by Mr. N. V. Gadgil who explained that during the war the rules restricting the handling of the explosives at major ports and their storage had been amended under the powers under Defence of India Rules.

After the war, Government took the power to amend the rules under an enactment which had expired in March 1949. But there was still a large amount of ammunition in the country to be destroyed and these had to be dumped in the sea. He, therefore, wanted that the Government should be given powers to make rules to provide for exemptions in the storage and handling of the explosives. Proper safety precaution should be taken, he added.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, during the third reading stage, wanted that the Government should take steps to see that useful ammunition was not destroyed. He quoted an example in Madras when some Lancaster planes had been ordered to be destroyed even though some of the parts had not even been assembled. The matter was brought to the notice of the authorities and was fortunately rectified.

Mr. Gadgil assured Dr. Sitaramayya that his suggestion had been noted.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.

FILM CENSORSHIP

Anomalies To Be Removed

Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, introduced a Bill in Parliament today to amend the Cinematograph Act.

The object of the Bill is to centralise censorship of films and seeks to remove the present system whereby different provincial Boards of Films Censors certify films in their respective areas. This system had given rise to certain anomalies. Cases were found where films certified by one board were uncertified by others. The existing boards will be replaced now by a single censoring authority appointed by the Central Government.

New Zealand Premier Resigns

WELLINGTON, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter).—New Zealand's Labour, Prime Minister, Mr. Peter Fraser, formally tendered the resignation of himself and his Ministers today after their defeat in the recent general election.

A Government House bulletin said Sir Bernard Freyberg, V.C., the Governor-General, had asked him to continue in office until Mr. Sydney Holland, leader of the victorious National Party, and his Ministers are sworn in.

Mr. Sidney Holland, New Zealand's Prime Minister-elect, declared today that he would continue the outgoing Labour Government's foreign policy "with special emphasis on strengthening Imperial relationships."

UDAY SHANKAR CHARMS AGAIN

Ballet In London

LONDON, Dec. 7 (PTI).—Uday Shankar returned last night to the London stage which had not seen him dance for more than ten years. It was an older Uday Shanker, but the old art and showmanship were there as much as ever.

The ballet had no scenery. Uday Shankar and his wife Amala achieved their main effects with charm, colourful dresses and some of the most haunting Indian music which has been heard in London for a long time. Musicians made the most of some of their 150 different instruments and the drumming, including a kind of unaccompanied concerto on the "Tabla" impressed people as something quite new to Europe.

When the performance ended, the audience sat for several minutes applauding all the time and making no move to go.

English As Aid To 'INPACE'

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Sir Eugen Millington-Drake who is on a cultural lecture tour of the East under the auspices of the Royal India and Pakistan Society, today expressed the view that the English language should be "a tremendous aid to better understanding" between India, Pakistan and Ceylon.

Sir Eugen drew a parallel, in this connection, with the growth of friendly relations between the Benelux countries. ("Benelux" has the symbolical meaning in Latin—enlightenment.).

Sir Eugen said that he had found a word comparable to Benelux to describe these three countries, that is, "INPACE", which stood for India, Pakistan and Ceylon and had that "very happy meaning, in peace."

Sir Eugen, who is leaving Bombay for Lahore this week-end, described Bombay city as the Buenos Aires of the East. He felt at home in this great city with its three million "which by its vast size and certain characteristics such as the climate at the present season of the year reminded him of Buenos Aires."

ECONOMY MEASURES

Fresh Instructions To Ministries

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7.

The Finance Minister informed Mr. Sidhwa that in the current year no Ministry had upto now exceeded the grant placed at its disposal.

He said that instructions had recently been issued to all Ministries that no expenditure which had not been provided in the budget should be incurred without the prior approval of the Standing Finance Committee and in anticipation of the voting of funds by the Legislature except in very urgent cases.

In a written reply to another question, Dr. Matthai said that the government had decided to enforce a reduction of five per cent in the establishment expenditure and ten per cent in travelling allowances and contingencies in the proportionate grant for the rest of the year and a reduction of twenty per cent of the budget grant in the provision for development expenditure.

As regards application of the income provisions to the integrated States, the Finance Minister said that the income arising in the State upto the date of merger, namely August 1 1949, would be assessed at the rates in force in the State immediately before the date of merger and the income arising thereafter would be assessed at the Indian rates.

NEW NOTES AND COINS

He further informed the House that new notes would be brought in to circulation from January 26, 1950.

Dr. Matthai said that the main change in the new notes was the replacement of the King's effigy by the Asoka Pillar. The water mark was also different. There were various other changes in regard to the artistry of the notes.

New designs of coins, Dr. Matthai said, were also under preparation but he could not say when the new coins would be brought into circulation.

In reply to Mr. B. P. Jhunjhunwala the Finance Minister said that the Reserve Bank of India had undertaken a census of foreign liabilities and assets of India as on June 30, 1948, the preliminary results of which were likely to be available only after the end of December 1949.

THE PREMIER'S CONTRIBUTION

Mr. B. G. Kher contributes for the Flag Day fund and gets a flag pinned to his coat

Question-Time In Parliament

No Partial Repudiation Of Sterling Balances

NEW DELHI, December 7, (P T I).

THE Indian Parliament today cheered a statement by Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister, that if any question of a partial repudiation of India's sterling balances arose, the Government of India would know how to handle the situation.

Mr. Banarsi Prasad Jhunjhunwala referred to Mr. Attlee's statement in the House of Commons on October 27, 1949, during discussion of the sterling balances, "we have to cut it down as much as we can," and asked whether any communication had been received since then on this question.

Dr. Matthai referred Mr. Jhunjhunwala to his statement in the Indian Parliament on November 29, in which he had said that the Government of India had received satisfactory assurances from the United Kingdom.

Mr. Jhunjhunwala wanted to know whether India had any assurance that the question of scaling down would not be raised in future.

Dr. Matthai said with emphasis: "I must ask Mr. Jhunjhunwala to have a little confidence in himself. If the question is one of reducing the releases from the sterling balances in future, that will be a matter of bilateral agreement and we would have a good say in it. If, on the other hand, it is going to be a partial repudiation of the sterling balances, the House may rest assured that Government would know how to handle the situation."

OVER-ALL REDUCTION

In reply to another question Dr John Matthai, said that the Government proposed soon to get a reduction in the retail selling prices of essential commodities.

Asked what was the over-all effect of the affected reductions on the food prices in the country itself, Dr. Matthai said that the matter had been under consideration. The provincial Government's decisions, so far reached, related to reduction from three to fifteen per cent. If the country was taken as a whole, his impression was that the average reduction was about seven or eight per cent.

HYDERABAD ELECTIONS

Sardar Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister, in a written reply, said that the elections to the Constituent Assembly of Hyderabad State were likely to be held by March 1950 and it was not possible to say anything about any further change until after the election when the matter would be reviewed.

In a written reply to a question by R. L. Malaviya whether "the R. S. S. had agreed to stop giving military training to its members", Sardar Patel said: "There is no question of the Sangh agreeing to stop giving military training; no such training can be given by a non-official organisation except with the permission of the Government."

Mr. Frank Anthony, Member of the Central Pay Commission, asked why the Government of India had not accepted the Pay Commission's recommendation that the age of retirement should be raised from 55 to 58.

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh: "That would be every unfair to the younger people." (laughter).

Sardar Patel: "Government did not accept it because they consider that the recommendation would not be in the interests of efficiency."

GANDHI MURDER TRIAL EXPENSES

The Deputy Prime Minister informed parliament, in reply to Mr. Mahavir Tyagi, that the total expenditure incurred in connection with the Gandhi Murder Trial amounted to Rs. 9,64,338.

Sardar Patel added that of this amount a sum of Rs. 3,86,230 was given to the principal lawyer in charge of the case, the Advocate General of Bombay and two others who assisted him received Rs. 2,39,713.

He told Lala Raj Kanwar that the Government of India observed and proposed to observe only Independence Day as a national festival.

PAKISTAN RAIDS

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, told Parliament that there were about 65 raids by Pakistan nationals across the frontier between April 1949 to date.

He assured Sardar Bhopinder Singh Mann that the provincial Government were arming suitable persons on the border for the protection of their lives and property.

The total number of British officers employed in India's Army, Navy and Air Forces was 277, said the Defence Minister in reply to a question.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

A CONSERVATIVE M.P. has discovered that women can keep secrets better than men and that they are usually more punctual, the latter wisdom having been derived by observing "drivers." Ma. Hutchinson omitted to say drivers of what.

It would be interesting to know who opened Mr. Hutchinson's eyes. I do not wish to upset this amiable gentleman in the middle of his discovery but he has surely forgotten that there is a reason for this. From a fairly long survey of men and women, I have come to the conclusion that men are more punctual in social functions, women in business. The reason is that both are new to these spheres—in India at any rate. We have a variety of social meetings at which men are not wanted. And in most businesses women are new arrivals.

Some years ago, I was calling on a friend at his office. We had an understanding that I should walk right in. As I was moving to the lift, I saw a hand waving to me from a car. The car was my friend's and the hand belonged to his wife. As I walked up to her, she shouted, "Hey, where are you off? If it is to see my husband, he is busy. He just sent word down to me." With a look of sympathy I moved off and went up. The good husband was sitting with his feet on the table, the tips of his fingers lightly joined, and his eyes closed in an expression of beatific ecstasy. I jabbed him in the ribs and he sprang to a piece. Then he signalled me to sit down whilst he ordered tea. An hour later we went down together to his waiting wife. As we stepped down, he signalled to me to go ahead. Fifteen minutes later, after I had kept up a non-committal chatter with the wife, he came up, spoke little and slid into his seat.

All this might seem beside the point but is it? Men have been for ages accustomed to use their office as half a club and they cannot be changed overnight. And who is punctual in going to or from a club? Mr. Hutchinson, if he keeps on his education longer, will find feminine punctuality going off. It is a novelty to them. But who wants punctuality anyway? We had gone to a film about an hour late and the cause of our delay was quite unrepentant. As one of the party gently said she would have enjoyed the show better if we had been in time, he said, "The first half of the picture is always rubbish and should never be seen." There was no meeting this devastating answer.

MINERS' WELFARE FUND

Each Coalfield To Get Fair Share Of Cess

NAGPUR, Dec. 7 (PTI): Welfare measures concerning over three lakhs of coalminers in India were discussed by the Coalmines Labour Welfare Fund Advisory Committee which met here today under the chairmanship of Mr S. Lall, Secretary, Ministry of Labour, Government of India.

Addressing the members, Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla, Premier of C. P. and Berar, referred to the deplorable conditions of workers, particularly those of miners whose work, he said, was not based on scientific methods. There was great need, therefore, for providing welfare amenities to these workers.

The Premier gave the assurance that the C. P. Government would extend its fullest co-operation and assistance to the Committee in carrying out welfare schemes for the various coalfield areas.

NEW CESS

The Chairman, Mr. Lall, reviewing the activities of the Welfare Fund said it had been decided to apply shortly the cess of six annas per ton on coal despatched from collieries by rail also to coal transported by road. Out of every six annas collected, four annas will be spent on housing and two annas will go to the General Welfare Fund. Hereafter, each coalfield would be allotted a fair share of the money derived from the cess on the basis of its income, for the purposes of the fund.

Mr. Lall said that the factory at Delhi for making pre-fabricated houses would go into production by March 1950 and it would be possible to erect similar houses for colliery workers in due course.

The Committee is meeting again tomorrow morning.

Bulgaria Quits W. H. O.

GENEVA, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter):—Bulgaria has withdrawn from the United Nations World Health Organisation, it was announced here today.

This follows the withdrawal last February of the Soviet Union, the Ukraine and Byelo-Russia—first time any nation had left a United Nations agency.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (PTI-Reuter.—Economic Co-operation Administration officials here disclosed that Britain and seven other countries have been asked to refund a total of 30 million dollars in Marshall Plan funds because they failed to ship 50 per cent of assistance goods in American-owned ships.

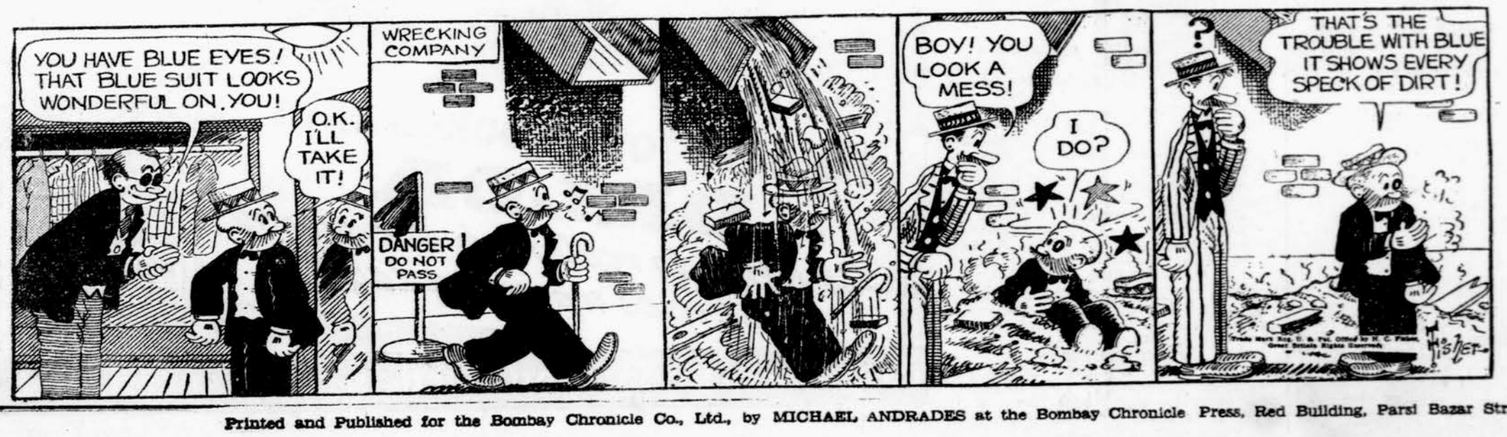
136-FOOT GANDHI STUPA AT MADRAS

MADRAS, Dec. 7 (PTI).—The Madras Government today approved the proposal for erecting a 136-foot octagonal "stupa" in memory of Mahatma Gandhi at the Marina Band Stand at Triplicane, Madras.

The necessary engineering assistance for the construction of the column-bearing in relief inscriptions of Gandhiji's teachings on all its sides—will be provided by the Government.

A non-official committee is raising a subscription of Rs. 3,00,000 for the purpose.

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway, Chewing The Rag Would Give You Lint On The Tonsils So What's The Dif? By BUD FISHER


YOU HAVE BLUE EYES! THAT BLUE SUIT LOOKS WONDERFUL ON YOU!
O.K. I'LL TAKE IT!
WRECKING COMPANY
DANGER! DO NOT PASS
BOY! YOU LOOK A MESS!
I DO?
?
THAT'S THE TROUBLE WITH BLUE IT SHOWS EVERY SPECK OF DIRT!

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.